

**B.A. LL.B (Hons) (Semester – II) Examination, April – 2014**  
**INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

**Duration: 3 hours**

**Total Marks: 75**

**Instructions :** 1) *Q. No. 13 and Q. No. 14 are compulsory.*

2) *Answer any EIGHT questions from question no.1 to question no.12.*

1. 'In 1940, the Coalition Government in England recognized the principle that Indians should themselves frame a new Constitution for the autonomous India'. Briefly explain the making of this new Indian Constitution. [8]
  2. 'Certain outstanding features of the Indian Constitution distinguishes it from the other Constitutions'. Discuss [8]
  3. 'Dr.Ambedkar called article 32 as the SOUL of the Indian Constitution'. Explain the Right to Constitutional Remedies as a fundamental right. [8]
  4. 'The President is the head of the Indian State' elaborate the role played by the President in India. [8]
  5. 'The Election Commission of India is responsible for superintendence directions and control of all elections in the country.' What is the structure of Election Commission of India and mention any six electoral reforms in India. [8]
  6. 'Governor is the executive head of the state' elaborate [8]
  7. 'Dual Government is an essential feature of federalism'. Explain the Legislative Relations between the Union and the State [8]
  8. 'The Supreme Court is the guardian of the Indian Constitution'. Explain [8]
  9. 'After the first General Elections in India the no. of Regional Parties have increased.' Write a note on any three regional parties of India [8]
  10. 'Regional disparity and Language issues have hampered the overall development of India' Discuss. [8]
  11. Write a note on the Lower House of the Parliament. [8]
  12. 'Evaluate the functioning of Democracy in India and suggest ways of Improving the functioning of the Indian Government' [8]
  13. Write short notes on any two: [2 x 3 =6]
    - a. Caste and Indian Politics
    - b. Supreme Court Judges
    - c. Features of party system in India
  - 14) Write short notes on any two. [2 ½ x 2 = 5]
    - a) Council of Ministers
    - b) Directive principles of state policy
    - c) The Preamble
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