

13/4/15

**B.A. LL.B. SEM. IV EXAMINATION APRIL 2015.**

**FAMILY LAW I**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1. Answer any 8 questions from Q. No. 1 to 12. ( 8 x 8 = 64 )  
2. Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

1. Explain Shruti & Smriti as a source of Hindu Law.
2. Discuss the grounds of irregular marriage under Muslim Law.
3. Registration of marriage under Family Laws of India.
4. Explain the grounds of Divorce under Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act 1939.
5. Discuss provision of maintenance of wife under Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act 1956.
6. Explain the position of Testamentary and Certified Guardian under the Hindu Law.
7. Who can adopt under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act 1956?
8. What are the provisions of presumption of legitimacy under the Muslim Personal Law ?
9. Discuss the constitutional validity of restitution of conjugal rights remedy under the Hindu Law.
10. Explain the concept of Dower under Muslim Personal law.
11. Analyze the status of Child Marriage under Child Marriage Prohibition Act 2006.
12. Discuss matrimonial property regimes under Family Laws of Goa.
  
13. Write short notes on any two : ( 2 x 2.5 = 5 )
  - a. Impotency under Hindu Law
  - b. Renunciation of world under Hindu Law
  - c. Maintenance of spouse under Christian law
  - d. Bigamy under Hindu Law.
  
14. Write short notes on any two : ( 2 x 3 = 6 )
  - a. Judicial separation'
  - b. Sapinda relationship
  - c. Schools of Hindu Law
  - d. Ceremonies of marriage under Hindu Law.

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PROPERTY LAW

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 is compulsory

( 8 x 8 = 64 )

1. State and explain vested and contingent interest and state differences if any.
2. State and explain the Doctrine of Part Performance.
3. 'A right of alienation is incidental to and inseparable from the beneficial ownership of property'. Discuss in detail the conditions restraining alienation.
4. 'For a valid transfer of property, the property must be transferrable property'. State the exceptions to this.
5. Explain the Doctrine of Election.
6. 'There cannot be a direct transfer to an unborn'. Explain the concept of transfer for the benefit of unborn person.
7. What is an easement? Explain the modes of acquisition of easement.
8. Define sale. Explain the seller's rights and liabilities.
9. Explain the rights and liabilities of Lessor and Lessee.
10. Briefly explain the concept of Marshalling, Contribution and Subrogation.
11. Define Gift. Explain how a gift can be revoked.
12. Discuss various types of mortgages.
13. Write short notes on any 2 of the following:- ( 3 x 2 = 6 )
  - a) Exchange
  - b) Charge.
  - c) Onerous gift
14. Render legal advice on any 2 of the following by giving reasons and citing relevant provisions of law:- ( 2 x 2.5 = 5 )
  - a) A leased a house and garden to B who takes possession of the properties. A then sells the said properties to C. C is now pleading that he had no knowledge (notice) of Bs right as a lessee. Advise B.
  - b) There is a contract of sale of a piece of land between A and B in 1999. The contract is in writing, stamped, attested and duly executed but not registered by A who is the seller. B, has performed his part of the contract i.e. has paid the price. On the basis of such contract B takes the possession of land. Now, A refuses to sell the property to B. Advise B.
  - c) A, B and C are co-owners of a piece of land having equal shares. The land is subject to mortgage. C sells his 1/3<sup>rd</sup> share to D without effecting partition. Can D be substituted in place of C.?

**B.A. LL.B. SEMESTER IV EXAMINATION APRIL 2015**  
**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II**

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 75

**Instructions:** a) Answer **any 8** from Q. No **1** to **12** ( 8 x 8 = 64 )  
b) Question number **13** and **14** are **compulsory**

- 1 President of India is a titular head. Comment.
- 2 Define money bill and distinguish from ordinary bill.
- 3 Enumerate the constitutional provisions dealing with distribution of legislative powers between the centre and the states.
- 4 Explain the discretionary powers of the governor.
- 5 Explain the appellate jurisdiction of the supreme court
- 6 Examine the various parliamentary privileges.
- 7 Examine the constitutional protection available to civil servants.
- 8 Write a note on Election Commission.
- 9 Discuss the theory of basic structure of the Indian constitution.
- 10 Explain the concept of failure of constitutional machinery in a state.
- 11 Critically evaluate the tortious liability of the state for acts committed by its servants.
- 12 Examine the constitutional provisions dealing with interstate freedom of trade and commerce
- 13 Write short notes on **any two** of the following: ( 2 x 3 = 6 )
  - a) court of record
  - b) Financial Emergency
  - c) Vice - President
- 14 Write short notes on **any two** of the following: ( 2 x 2.5 = 5 )
  - a) Collective Responsibility
  - b) Legislative Council
  - c) Writ of mandamus

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**B.A. LL.B Semester IV Examination April 2015**

**INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS**

Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

*Instructions : 1) Q. No. 13 and Q. No. 14 are compulsory. ( 8 x 8 = 64 )*  
*2) Answer any EIGHT questions from Q. No.1 to Q. No.12.*

- 1) Discuss Mahatma Gandhi's philosophy of politics.
- 2) Evaluate Vivekananda's views on Hinduism as a universal religion.
- 3) Briefly discuss Nehru's concept of secularism and socialism.
- 4) What were the works of Ambedkar? Evaluate his contributions to the dalit community.
- 5) Discuss the life and works of M.N Roy.
- 6) Examine Gandhi's concept of satyagraha.
- 7) Explain the life and works of Manu.
- 8) Explain Aurobindo's philosophy of state.
- 9) Discuss political philosophy of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- 10) What were Kautilya's contributions to the world through his works?
- 11) Discuss Ambedkar's sociological and political views.
- 12) Discuss how Gokhale put across his idea of political identity.
- 13) Write short notes on any two: [2 x 3 =6]
  - a) Panchsheel
  - b) Gandhi's concept of Ideals and Ethics
  - c) M.N Roy's view on Marxism
- 14) Write short notes on any two. [2 ½ x 2 = 5]
  - a) Aurobindo's epistemological foundation on politics
  - b) Tilak & Sarda sadan controversy
  - c) Manu's concept of State

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BA.LL.B (Semester – IV) Examination, April - 2015

INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS

Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Q.No. 13 and Q.No. 14 are compulsory.  
2) Answer any EIGHT questions from Q. No.1 to Q. No.12.(8 x 8=64)

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- 1) What was Aurobindo's epistemological foundations of politics.
- 2) Discuss M.N Roy's view on Radical humanism.
- 3) Briefly explain the life of Swami Vivekananda and analyze his Ramkrishna Mission.
- 4) Analyze the social laws of Manu.
- 5) Explain the political ideas of Nehru
- 6) Discuss the mysterious life of Chanakya.
- 7) Evaluate major contributions of Ambedkar to the Indian society.
- 8) What was Gandhi's philosophy of politics?
- 9) Analyze Gokhale's views on political identity.
- 10) What was Tilak's philosophy on social reform & political liberty?
- 11) Briefly explain the life & works of Jawaharlal Nehru.
- 12) Critically evaluate the works of M.N Roy in comparison with the works of Tilak.
- 13) Write short notes on any two: [2 x 3 =6]
  - a) Tilak & The Age of consent bill
  - b) Swami Vivekananda's contribution to world culture
  - c) Ambedkar's views on socialism
- 14) Write short notes on any two. [2 ½ x 2 = 5]
  - a) Aurobindo's idea on Passive resistance
  - b) Legal Tenants of Manu
  - c) Swaraj

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