



BALBA – 1316

B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2016  
CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** i) Answer **any eight** from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
ii) Answer to question No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

1. Define Arrest and explain purpose and procedure for arrest. 8
2. Explain the procedure prescribed for Remand under Sec. 167 of Criminal Procedure Code. 8
3. Discuss briefly the rules as to deciding the territorial jurisdiction of a criminal court for inquiring into or trying any offence. 8
4. Examine the nature and scope of judicial discretion in granting bail in non-bailable offence. 8
5. Explain the provisions of Cr.P.C relating to 'Joinder of Charges' as exceptions to basic rule "For every distinct offence there must be a separate charge and a separate trial". 8
6. Explain the procedure for trial of summons cases before magistrate. 8
7. "Provisions relating to grant of pardon to a person who has committed a crime is an exception to the general rule relating to administration of justice". Explain Conditional Pardon to an accomplice. 8
8. Explain the provisions relating to security for good behaviour from persons disseminating seditious matters, suspected persons and from habitual offenders. 8
9. What are the powers conferred on Executive Magistrate with regard to Disputes relating to Immovable Property ? 8
10. State the provisions for granting maintenance to Wife under the Code of Criminal Procedure. Can the court grant interim maintenance ? 8
11. Explain the provisions relating to period of limitation under Criminal Procedure Code. 8

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12. What are the different courts exercising jurisdiction under the Code ? What sentences can they pass ? 8
13. Answer **any two** of the following : (2×3 = 6)
- a) Cognizable offence and Non-Cognizable offence
  - b) Withdrawal from Prosecution
  - c) Case Diary.
14. Render legal advice on **any two** of the following by giving reasons and citing relevant provisions of law : (2×2.5 = 5)
- a) A is accused of criminal breach of trust and also of falsification of accounts punishable under Sec. 409 and 477 of IPC. Can he be tried jointly for both offences ?
  - b) A abducted B from Margao then B was taken to Canacona and then to Ponda. In which court (Territorial Jurisdiction) the offence of kidnapping can be tried ?
  - c) The Gujarat High Court convicted Mr.A with imprisonment of 5 months. He wanted to file an appeal against conviction. Advise Mr.A.

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