

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW -I**

Duration : 3 Hours.

Total Marks : 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any Eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.

8 X 8

2) Q. No. 13 and Q. No. 14 are compulsory.

3) Students are advised to incorporate exact question number in the answer scripts.

- 1 Explain the new concept of equality as propounded by Justice Bhagwati with relevant case laws.
- 2 "Equality before law means that among equals law should be equally administered"  
Explain the concept of reservations with the help of decided case law.
- 3 Freedom of speech cannot be unrestricted, examine the constitutional restrictions on freedom of speech and expression.
- 4 Enumerate the constitutional rights available to accused persons.
- 5 Critically analyze the various supreme court pronouncements on 'procedure established by law' under art. 21.
- 6 "The Indian Constitution is Elephantine." Enumerate the salient features of the Indian constitution.
- 7 Critically evaluate right to education as a fundamental right under Indian Constitution
- 8 State the constitutional provisions on citizenship.
- 9 Secularism is a basic feature of our constitution; explain the constitutional position on freedom of religion.
- 10 Examine the constitutional protection to the cultural and educational rights of minorities
- 11 Directive principles constitute a very comprehensive program for a modern democratic state. Discuss their importance with relevant cases.
- 12 Critically analyze the concept of judicial review under the Indian constitution.
- 13 Write short notes on any two: (3 x 2)
  - a) Right against exploitation
  - b) Right to Pollution free environment
  - c) importance of the Preamble
- 14 Write short notes on any two: (2.5x2)
  - a) Right to livelihood.
  - b) Mandamus
  - c) Right to form association

Law of Crimes

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 75

Instructions

- a) Answer any **EIGHT** between Question No 1 to 12
  - b) Question No 13 and 14 are **compulsory** (8X8=64)
1. All are liable if the acts are done by several persons in furtherance of common intention. Discuss.
  2. "Act done by a person of unsound mind is an exception if his act comes within the purview legal insanity but not medical insanity". Explain.
  3. "The right of private defence do not extend to causing death". Explain the statement with special reference to exceptions.
  4. "An agreement of two or more persons to do an act which is illegal or which is to be done in illegal means is an offence". Explain.
  5. Answer the following:
    - a. Dowry death
    - b. Mistake of fact with exceptions
  6. Discuss the provisions of culpable homicide not amount to murder as enumerated under Sec. 300 of IPC, 1860 with case law.
  7. Answer of the following
    - a. Bigamy and its exceptions
    - b. Distinguish between criminal misappropriation and breach of trust
  8. Examine the provisions of kidnapping from lawful guardian ship and differentiate it with Abduction
  9. Write a note on amendments introduced under Sec. 375 of IPC, 1860 due to Nirbhaya's case.
  10. Explain the provisions of theft? Distinguish theft from Extortion.
  11. Enumerate the concept of Dacoity? Distinguish it from Robbery with appropriate case law or illustrations
  12. 'Death sentence is awarded in rarest of rare cases'. Examine the pros and cons of death sentence with the help of court pronouncements.
  13. Write short note on any **two** (2X2.5=5)
    - a. Public Nuisance
    - b. Simple Hurt
    - c. Trivial
  14. Solve any **two** of the following problems (2X3=6)
    - a) A makes an attempt to pick the purse of Z by thrusting his hand into Z's pocket. A fail in the attempt in consequence of Z's having nothing in his pocket. Case was filed against A. Explain for what offence A is liable in this situation.
    - b) Ms. Suma went to Omen Mall to purchase dress for her birthday. After selecting the dress she visited the trial room to verify the fitting. Ms. Suma purchased the dress. On her birth day one of her friend informed that, she has seen her half nude photograph in his brother's mobile. During the investigation she came to know that her photograph was clicked when she was changing the dress in the trial room at Omen Mall. Mr. Vaman had arranged a CCTV in the trial room. Case was filed against Mr. Vaman for circulating the photo on mobile. For what offense he is liable under IPC, 1860.
    - c) Z is carried off by a tiger. A in good faith, for the Z's benefit, without the consent, A fired the gun shot towards the tiger, with knowledge that it may cause hurt to Z. Gunshot caused Z a mortal wound. Under which exception A can take the defence.

B. A. LL.B. (Semester - III) Examination, October 2015.

CONTRACT-II

Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 75

*Instructions:* 1) Answer any Eight (8) questions from Question nos. 1 to 12. 8 x 8  
2) Question No.13 and Question No. 14 are compulsory.  
3) Students are advised to incorporate exact question number in the answer scripts.

1. What is "Bailment"? State and explain in brief various duties of a bailee.
2. Define pledge. What are the respective rights and duties of Pawnee?
3. Define Agency. Explain various ways in which Agency can be Created
4. What is a contract of Guarantee? When can the surety be discharged under the Contract of Guarantee.
5. Define "Partnership" under the Indian Partnership Act and explain the essentials of Partnership with necessary case Laws.
6. Enumerate and explain the modes of dissolutions of partnership firm.
7. Explain the Rule "Nemo dat quod non habet" and state exceptions to this rule if any.
8. Define Promissory Note? Explain the essential Characteristics of a promissory note.
9. Critically analyze the penal provisions relating to bouncing of cheque under section 138 of Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881.
10. What is Endorsement? Explain different kinds of Endorsements with illustrations.
11. What are the implied conditions in contract of Sale? State when the conditions to be treated as Warranties.
12. Define unpaid seller. Explain unpaid seller's right to lien on goods and right- of-resale.
13. Write short notes on any *Two* of the following: (3 x 2 = 6)
  - a) Doctrine of holding out.
  - b) Property of the firm.
  - c) Auction Sale
14. Write short notes on any *Two* of the Following: (2 x 2.5 = 5)
  - a) Crossing of a Cheque.
  - b) Expulsion of partner.
  - c) Contract of Indemnity.

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