



LHA – 1215

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – IX) Examination, April 2015
CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

Instructions : 1) Answer **any 8** between Q. No's. 1 to 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

1. What is execution proceedings ? Discuss the different modes of execution. **(8×8=64)**
2. What is first appeal ? Discuss the duties of appellate court.
3. Elaborately discuss the law relating to Jurisdiction.
4. What is Res Subjudice ? Distinguish it from Res Judicate.
5. Discuss the binding nature of foreign judgments.
6. What is representative suit ?
7. What is pleadings ? Discuss the rules relating to amendment to pleadings.
8. What is set off ? Distinguish it from counter claim.
9. What is exparte decree ? Explain the remedy available against exparte decree.
10. Discuss :
 - a) Arrest before judgment
 - b) Attachment of property before judgment.
11. What is decree ? Discuss the different kinds of decree.
12. Discuss the procedure to be followed to file a suit against State.

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13. Answer **any two** of the following :

(2×2.5=5)

- a) Inter locutory order
- b) Mortgage suit
- c) Restitution.

14. Answer **any two** of the following :

(2×3=6)

- a) Suit against partnership firm
 - b) Summary suit
 - c) Caveat.
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CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

SECTION – I

Instructions : 1) Answer **any four** from Q. 1 to 6.

2) Answer to Question No. 7 is **compulsory**.

3) Questions 1 to 6 carry **8 marks each (8×4=32)**

Question No. 7 carries **6 marks (2×3=6)**.

1. Explain the jurisdiction of Criminal courts under the Code and state what sentences they can pass.
2. Define the term Arrest and explain the circumstances in which an arrest can be done without a warrant.
3. Investigation includes all the proceedings under the Code for collection of evidence. Outline the procedure when investigation cannot be completed within 24 hours under Section 167 of the Code.
4. Explain the meaning of Bail and anticipatory bail and state the circumstances in which release on bail is mandatory.
5. Enumerate the principle features of fair trial under the Criminal Procedure Code.
6. Define charge, state the contents of charge and when charge can be altered.
7. Answer **any two** of the following : **(2×3=6)**
 - a) Special summons in cases of petty offences.
 - b) Case diary
 - c) Search with and without warrant.



SECTION – II

Instructions : 1) Answer **any four** from Q. No. 8 to 13 (4×8=32).
2) Question No. 14 is **compulsory** (2×2.5=5).

8. Explain the procedure to be followed in the trial of warrant case.
 9. State the circumstances in which a criminal case can be disposed of without a full trial.
 10. Discuss the powers of a Court of Revision and the general principles to be followed by the court while exercising these powers.
 11. Write a note on the following Suspension, remission and commutation of sentences.
 12. Discuss the provisions under the Code relating to maintenance to wife with relevant case laws.
 13. Write in brief :
 - a) Removal of public nuisance
 - b) Types of Appeals.
 14. Answer **any two** :
 - a) X is accused of Criminal breach of trust and also for falsification of accounts punishable under Section 409 and 477 A of IPC. Can he be tried jointly for both the offences ?
 - b) X lodges a complaint that his wife Y had been defamed by imputation of unchastity to her. Can Y lawfully compound the said offence without the consent of his wife X.
 - c) Accused is convicted by Court of sessions without informing of his rights under Section 304 of Cr.P.C. is the conviction valid.
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