

LL.B. (Hons) (Semester – V) Examination, October 2014
LAW OF CRIMES

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

Instructions : 1) Answer **any eight** from question 1 to 12.

2) Questions No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

(8×8=64)

1. Define 'mensrea' and discuss to what extent the principle of 'mens rea' has been recognised under Indian Penal Code. Illustrate your answer with examples.
2. What is right of private defence ? Discuss the circumstances in which the right of private defence of person and property is available under the code. Refer leading cases to illustrate your answer.
3. Explain the meaning of the term abetment and discuss the circumstances when a person can be stated have abetted an offence.
4. Explain the following :
 - a) Cheating.
 - b) Criminal breach of trust.
5. Explain the various instances of joint liability under Penal Code.
6. Indicate the significance of the principle that ignorance of the law is no excuse.
7. State any two instances in which the offence of murder is reduced to capable homicide under the Penal Code.
8. What do you mean by extra-territorial criminal jurisdiction ? Explain.
9. What is the difference between hurt and grievous hurt ? Explain.
10. What are the ingredients of the offence of attempt to commit a murder ? Explain.
11. What do you mean by custodial rape ? What changes have been made recently to control such a crime ?
12. When is a person said to attempt to commit suicide ? Is the offence constitutionally valid ? Discuss.



13. Explain the following (**any two**): (2x2.5=5)
- a) Riot and affray
 - b) Theft
 - c) Intoxication
 - d) Infancy as a defence.
14. Answer **any two** of the following: (2x3=6)
- a) 'S', instigates 'T' to burn 'Z's house. T goes to the house of 'Z' but commits a theft in the house. Discuss the liability of 'S'.
 - b) 'A', a shopkeeper in good faith for the protection of his own interest says to 'B' who manages his business – not to sell any goods to Z on credit as 'Z' is not honest in paying the amount. Is 'A' guilty of any offence ?
 - c) 'A', a hangman, hangs 'Y' to death as per the directions in a judgement of a competent court of law. Discuss the liability of A.
