



LHO – 0615

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – VIII) Examination, October 2015

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**SECTION – I**

**Instructions :** i) Answer **any four** questions from questions **1 to 6**.  
ii) Question No. **7** is **compulsory**. **(8×4=32)**

1. Discuss the nature and scope of administrative law in India and reasons for its growth in the 20<sup>th</sup> Century.
2. Critically examine the concept of rule of law and separation of powers as conceptual objections to administrative law in UK and USA respectively. Point out the importance of these concepts in India.
3. No man shall be condemned unheard – Discuss with relevant case law the stages of a fair hearing.
4. What is delegated legislation ? Examine the effectiveness of Parliamentary Control over delegated legislation.
5. Examine the scope of judicial review over administrative discretion in the light of fundamental rights.
6. What is meant by quasi judicial action ? Explain the problems of administrative adjudication.
7. Answer **any two** of the following : **(3×2=6)**
  - a) Excessive Delegation.
  - b) Writ of quo warranto.
  - c) Statutory notice.

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## SECTION - II

**Instructions :** i) Answer **any four** questions from questions 8 to 13.

ii) Question No. 14 is **compulsory**.

(4×8=32)

8. 'Classification of administrative action may be necessary for determining the scope of judicial review and the grounds on which administrative action can be challenged' – Explain by distinguishing the different types of administrative action.
9. Explain the extent and scope of Special Leave to Appeal to the Supreme Court under Article 136 of the Constitution in correcting quasi judicial errors. Also compare Article 136 with Articles 32 and 226.
10. Analyse critically the liability of the government in tort and contract.
11. What are the reasons for the growth of public sector undertakings in India ? What are the control measures over public sector undertakings ?
12. Explain how far Government in India is bound by promissory estoppel.
13. Analyse privilege of the administration to withhold documents in India and judicial review over the claim of privilege.
14. Answer **any two** of the following : (2×2½=5)
  - a) Departmental Bias.
  - b) Statutory Tribunal.
  - c) Reasoned decision.



LHO – 0715

**LL.B. (Hons) (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2015**  
**LAND LAWS**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 8** questions from Q. No 1 to 12.

2) Question No.s 13 and 14 are **Compulsory**.

(8×8=64)

1. What were the special rights and privileges conferred on tenant by fifth Amendment, chapter II A, to the Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964. 8
2. Discuss the provisions of Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964 which deals with Termination of Tenancy by the Landlord. 8
3. How construction of water course through land belonging to other person can be executed under Goa Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964. 8
4. Explain as referred in Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964. 8
  - a) Tenants right to operate sluice gates.
  - b) Heritable rights of Tenant.
5. Explain the procedure under Land Revenue Code 1968, for conversion of use of land from one purpose to another. 8
6. What is land revenue ? Discuss the different modes for recovery of arrears of Land Revenue under Land Revenue Code, 1968. 8
7. Discuss the provisions in the Land Revenue Code, which deals with correction of clerical errors in the record of rights. 8
8. Enumerate the various grounds of Eviction of a tenant by the landlord under provisions of Rent Control Act, 1968. 8

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9. Explain in brief the procedure for determination of fair rent. What is the difference between “fair rent” and “agreed rent” under Rent Control Act, 1968. 8
10. What are the different Authorities and their powers constituted under, The Goa, Daman and Diu Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968. 8
11. How far Mundkar (Protection from eviction) Act, 1975 protect the rights of Mundkar to purchase the dwelling house occupied by him. 8
12. State and Explain the powers of Mamlatdar under 'The Goa, Daman and Diu Mamlatdar's Court Act, 1966. 8
13. Write short notes on **any two** : 6
- a) Surrender by Mundkar
  - b) Plaint and rejection of plaint under Mamlatdar's Court Act, 1966.
  - c) Classes of Buildings to which Rent Control Act does not apply.
14. Write short notes on **any two**. 5
- a) Survey Mark under Land Revenue Code, 1968.
  - b) Rights of Tenant to essential services under Rent Control Act, 1968.
  - c) Register of Mundkar under Mundkar's Act, 1975.
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LHO – 0815

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2015  
WOMEN, POVERTY AND DEVELOPMENT LAWS

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer any 8 questions from 1 to 12.

2) Question 13 and 14 are compulsory.

(8×8=64)

1. Constitution of India emphasises equal status to men and women and ensures no discrimination on the basis of gender. Comment with case law.
2. A Hindu marriage was purely considered a sacrament. Has the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 brought about any change ?
3. Write an essay on the essentials of a Muslim marriage and comment whether the laws of marriage provide the Muslim women with security and protections.
4. Under the Hindu law of succession, womens' status has undergone a tremendous change. Discuss with reference to Pre-Act and Post Act position.
5. The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939, confers upon a Muslim wife the right to seek judicial divorce. Discuss the grounds.
6. Discuss offences relating to marriage under the Indian Penal Code.
7. Critically analyse the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. Does the law require further amendments or has it brought about the desired change ?
8. Discuss the position of women under Industrial Laws.
9. Critically analyse the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986.
10. Rape is the most inhuman of all offences and is a gross violation of a womens human rights. Comment.
11. Discuss rescue, remedial and rehabilitation measures and provision under the Prevention of Immoral Traffic Act.
12. What are the conditions in which a pre-diagnostic technique may be conducted on a woman ?

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13. Write notes on **any two** : (2x3=6)

- a) Section 125 Cr.P.C.
- b) Indecent representation of women.
- c) Miscarriage.

14. Write short notes on **any two** : (2x2½=5)

- a) Sati
- b) National Commission for Women
- c) Termination of pregnancy.



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**LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2015**  
**ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight (8)** questions from question No. 1 to 12.

2) Question No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

1. Discuss in detail the salient features and draw backs of Environmental Protection Act, 1986. (8×8=64)
2. Critically examine the constitutional provisions available under Part III, to prevent and control environment.
3. Examine the various powers and functions of State Pollution Control Board under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
4. Enumerate the principles of absolute liability and strict liability with the help of judicial pronouncements.
5. Answer the following :
  - a) Stockholm conference and important principles.
  - b) Rio declaration on environment.
6. 'Oldest legal remedy to protect environment is available under criminal law'. Elucidate criminal law provisions and remedies for environmental problems.
7. Explain the composition and remedies specified to prevent water pollution under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
8. Explain the following :
  - a) Environmental Impact Assessment.
  - b) Bio Medical Waste.

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9. Define forest and enumerate the laws enacted to protect, prevent and conservation of forest cover in India.
  10. Mention various provisions to protect wild life under the Wild Life Protection Act, 1972.
  11. Enumerate the classification of CRZ and mention the prohibitions and permissions as per the CRZ Amendment Notification, 2011.
  12. Analyze the causes, effects and measures adopted by the judiciary in controlling noise pollution.
  13. Write a note on **any two** of the following : (2×3=6)
    - a) Public Trust Doctrine
    - b) Doctrine of Sustainable development
    - c) Intergenerational equity principle.
  14. Write a note on **any two** of the following : (2×2.5=5)
    - a) National Park
    - b) Procedure in collection of sample
    - c) Preamble and environmental aspects.
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