

25/04/2014.



LDA – 1420

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2014

CONTRACT – II

Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer any ten questions.

2) All questions carry equal marks. (10×10=100)

1. Explain various methods by which agency is created.
2. Discuss various rights of surety.
3. What is bailment ? Enumerate various duties of bailee.
4. Explain grounds for dissolution of partnership firm.
5. Define contract of sale. Distinguish between contract of sale and agreement to sell.
6. Explain the following :
  - a) Kinds of indorsements
  - b) Types of crossing of cheques.
7. Enumerate unpaid sellers rights of lien and right to stoppage of goods in transit.
8. Define cheque. Explain essentials of cheque.
9. Define partnership. Explain the essentials of partnership.
10. Explain the following :
  - a) Doctrine of holding out
  - b) Caveat emptor.
11. Explain position of minor admitted to the benefits of partnership firm.



12. Explain the following :
- a) Delcreder agent
  - b) Dishonour of cheque under Sec. 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act.
13. Define holder in due course and discuss various privileges granted to him under Negotiable Instrument Act.
14. Explain the following :
- a) Contracts involving sea route
  - b) Rights of agent.



**LDA – 1427**

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2014**  
**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

***Instruction : Answer any ten questions.***

**(10×10=100)**

1. Define State. Explain the judicial trends in interpreting the term 'other authorities'.
2. Explain the concept of reservations to the backward classes under Indian Constitution.
3. Explain the freedom of Press under the Indian Constitution.
4. Write short notes on the following :
  - a) Right to clean environment
  - b) Right against exploitation.
5. Explain the concept of Secularism under Indian Constitution.
6. Critically analyze the impact of Maneka Gandhi's case on prison administration.
7. Explain the relation between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
8. Discuss various constitutional provisions regarding appointment of judges of High court and Supreme Court with relevant case law.
9. Explain the procedure of passing of various bills in Parliament.
10. Critically evaluate the role of Governor.
11. Explain various constitutional safeguards available to a civil servant under Indian Constitution.
12. Explain the constitutional scheme of administrative relations between the centre and state.
13. Discuss the procedure to proclaim state emergency. Explain its impact on federal structure of Indian Constitution.
14. Write short notes on the following :
  - a) Pardoning power of President
  - b) Special status to Jammu and Kashmir.

**LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2014**  
**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions. **Each** question carries **10** marks.  
 2) **Substantiate** your answers with **relevant** case laws.

1. Explain the powers of the President of India with special reference to pardoning power. 10
2. Discuss the procedure with respect to passing of money bill and ordinary bill. 10
3. What are the issues and concerns relating to the appointment of judges of the Supreme Court of India ? 10
4. Examine the various types of the jurisdiction of Supreme Court of India. 10
5. Explain the writ jurisdiction of the High Courts under Article 226 of the Constitution. 10
6. What is writ of certiorari and when it can be granted ? 10
7. Explain the provisions of the Constitution promoting co-operative feudalism. 10
8. Examine the constitutional articles dealing with centre state administrative relations. 10
9. Explain the liability of the state for the tortious acts of its servants. 10
10. Explain the extent of freedom of trade and commerce under the Constitution of India. 10
11. Explain the doctrine of pleasure and exceptions to the same. 10
12. Write notes on : 10
  - a) Colorable legislation
  - b) Functions of Public Service Commission.
13. Discuss the constitutional provisions and case laws relating to the composition of election commission. 10
14. Write notes on : 10
  - a) Financial emergency
  - b) Basic structure.

L.L.B. Degree (Semester II) Examination, April 2014  
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

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LDA – 1426

**LL.B. (Sem. – II) Degree Examination, April 2014**  
**FAMILY LAW – I**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions.  
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Why Hindu Law is considered to be a divine Law ?
  2. State the important sources of modern Hindu Law.
  3. State the importance of family customs and caste customs under Hindu Law.
  4. Schools of Hindu Law emerged with the emergence of the era of commentaries and Digest. Comment.
  5. Marriage according to the Muslim Law is not sacrament but a civil contract. Explain.
  6. Explain the essentials of Muslim Marriage.
  7. Briefly explain valid, irregular and void marriages under Muslim Law.
  8. What are the different forms of marriage prevailed in ancient Hindu Law ?
  9. Discuss the Shastric and customary ceremonies of Hindu Marriage.
  10. State the procedure for registration of marriage in Goa.
  11. What are the legal requirements for getting married in Goa ?
  12. Family Laws of Goa have been cited as models to Indian subcontinent. Comment.
  13. What are the conditions for filing a petition for annulling a child marriage.
  14. Explain the conditions relating to solemnisation of special marriage.
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## LL.B. (Degree) (Sem. – II) Examination, April 2014

## FAMILY LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 10** questions.2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. What is Ancestral property ? What kinds of property are regarded as ancestral property ? 10
2. Explain the rights and liabilities of karta of a Hindu Joint Family. 10
3. Discuss the general rules of succession under "Hindu Succession Act, 1956" relating to their property of a Hindu Male dying intestate. 10
4. Discuss the rights of sole surviving coparcener. 10
5. Who are the persons capable of partitioning and demanding a partition of the joint family property ? 10
6. Discuss briefly the pious obligation of a Hindu Son, Grandson and great grandson to pay his ancestors debts. 10
7. Discuss the rules made for Parsi Intestate succession as specified under Indian Succession Act. 10
8. Discuss with reference to Family Courts Act, 1984. 10
  - a) Constitution of family courts.
  - b) Its jurisdiction.
  - c) Powers and functions.
9. Examine difference between Shia and Sunni schools in regard to their heirs and shares. 10
10. Who can be a Mutawalli ? Discuss his powers and duties. 10



- 11. Discuss with reference to the administration of gender justice safeguards under Constitution and other laws. 10
- 12. What are the impediments to the formulation of uniform civil code in India. 10
- 13. Discuss the need for settlement of spousal property while outlining some of the existing provisions in this area. 10
- 14. Write short notes (**any two**) : 10
  - a) Partial partition
  - b) Legal necessity
  - c) Full blood, half blood and uterine blood relations.

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LDA – 1421

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2014**  
**PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING EASEMENTS/LAW OF PROPERTY**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Instructions :** a) Answer **any ten** questions.  
b) **Each** carry **equal** marks.  
c) Write **appropriate** examples.

(10×10=100)

1. State what is notice and examine constructive notice in detail ?
  2. Explain rule against perpetuity.
  3. Examine the validity of transfer made by ostensible owner under Section 41 of TP Act.
  4. Explain the doctrine of part performance.
  5. Explain the definition of mortgage and its various kinds in detail.
  6. Examine the rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee in detail.
  7. State and explain various types of easement.
  8. Explain clog on redemption and mortgager's right to redeem the property.
  9. Write note on :
    - a) ~~Spes~~ succession
    - b) Section II of TP Act and exceptions.
  10. Explain vested and contingent interest and examine the differences between the two.
  11. Write note on actionable claim and attestation.
  12. Explain the difference between sale and contract for sale and state the rights and liabilities of seller.
  13. Explain onerous gift and state when gift is going to be suspended or revoked.
  14. Write note on :
    - a) Lease and licence
    - b) Forfeiture of lease.
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LDA - 1439

**LL.B. (Semester – II) Degree Examination, April 2014**  
**WOMEN AND LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

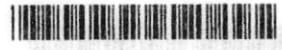
Total Marks : 100

**Instruction : Answer any ten questions.**

**(10×10=100)**

1. Indian constitution purports to eliminate the socio economic backwardness of women and empower them so as to bring effective equality between men and women. Discuss with special reference to Art 15(3) of constitution. **10**
2. Explain the offences relating to marriage under Indian Penal Code in the light of position of women. **10**
3. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. **10**
4. Discuss the provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976. **10**
5. Elaborate on the powers and functions of the National Commission for women. **10**
6. Explain the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Which are relevant to women ? **10**
7. Analyze the position of Muslim divorced women with regard to right of maintenance. **10**
8. Explain in brief the following : **10**
  - a) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
  - b) Family court.
9. Write notes on : **10**
  - i) Hindu Women's right to adopt
  - ii) Cruelty by husband and his relatives.

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10. Explain the various provisions of law enacted for the purpose of prohibiting sex determination and female foeticide. 10
11. Enumerate the provisions which are specially intended for the welfare of women workers under the Factories Act, 1948. 10
12. Explain Sati system and analyse the law relating to it. 10
13. What is sexual harassment ? Discuss with the help of decided cases, the guidelines issued by the Apex Court for protection of working women. 10
14. The common code is the need of the hour and put an end to the silent suffering which most women undergo ? Analyze. 10

3. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. 10
4. Discuss the provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1975. 10
5. Elaborate on the powers and functions of the National Commission for women. 10
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