



LDO – 1416

LL.B. Degree (Semester – VI) Examination, October 2014

**INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions:** 1) Answer **any 10** questions from Q. No. 1 to 14.

2) **Each** question carries **10** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the Literal rule of interpretation with cases.
2. "Statutes are to be interpreted so as to make them workable and effective" – Elucidate with cases.
3. "It is the duty of the judge to make such a construction of a statute as shall suppress the mischief and advance the remedy" – Explain.
4. The title and the preamble of the statute can be looked into for the purpose of ascertaining the intention of the Legislature – Discuss.
5. Examine the utility of "statutes in pari materia" in the interpretation of statutes.
6. Discuss with the help of decided cases the presumption against the retrospective operation of statutes.
7. Explain Mandatory and Directory enactments with the help of cases.
8. Explain construction in bonam partem with the help of decided cases.
9. "A word is known by the company it keeps" – Discuss with the help of suitable cases.
10. Explain 'later social, political, economic developments and scientific inventions as an external aid in the interpretation of statutes.
11. Explain with cases the presumption against intending injustice or absurdity.

P.T.O.



12. Write on :

- a) Restrictive construction
- b) Words of rank

13. Explain **any four** of the following under the General Clauses Act.

- a) Commencement of Acts
- b) Measurement of distances
- c) Duty to be done pro rata
- d) Gender and number
- e) Powers conferred.

14. Write short notes on **any two** :

- a) Meaning and object of interpretation
- b) Schedules
- c) Reddendo singula singulis.



LDO – 1417

LL.B. (Semester – VI) Degree Examination, October 2014

**LABOUR LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** Answer **any ten** questions.

**All questions carry equal marks.**

1. Briefly analyse the concept of industrial dispute under the Industrial Disputes Act. 10
2. Explain the concept of "Industry" under the Industrial Disputes Act in view of the triple test laid down by the Supreme Court. 10
3. Examine the provisions regarding reference under the Industrial Disputes Act. 10
4. What is lay off ? State the conditions under which the workman is entitled to get lay off compensation. 10
5. Examine the concept of Strike and Lockout. When a strike or lock-out is be termed as illegal ? 10
6. Define retrenchment. What are the conditions preceding a retrenchment ? 10
7. Write short notes on : 10
  - a) Public Utility Service
  - b) Notice of change.
8. State and examine the various authorized deductions under Payment of Wages Act. 10
9. Explain who are responsible to pay the wages and the time and manner of payment under the payment of Wages Act. 10
10. "An employer is not always liable to pay compensation". Discuss. 10

P.T.O.



- 11. Notional extension of time and place of employment can make an employer liable to pay compensation. 10
- 12. Write short notes on : 10
  - a) Living wage
  - b) Minimum wage.
- 13. Define the concept of trade union and analyse the rights of a recognized trade union. 10
- 14. Examine the authorities under the Minimum Wages Act. 10



LDO – 1418

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – VI) Examination, 2014**  
**LAND LAWS INCLUDING CEILING AND ANY OTHER LOCAL LAWS**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** i) Write **any 10** questions from Q. No. 1 to 14.

ii) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. What were the special rights and privileges conferred on tenant by fifth amendment, chapter II A, to the Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964 ?
2. Define the expressions “to cultivate personally” and “Deemed Tenancy” under Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964.
3. Explain the provisions under Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964, regarding surrender of tenancy rights of tenant.
4. What is land revenue ? Discuss the different modes for recovery of arrears of land revenue under the Land Revenue Code, 1968.
5. Explain the procedure for mutation of record of rights under the provisions of Land Revenue Code, 1968.
6. Discuss the provisions in the Land Revenue Code, which deals with correction of clerical errors in the record of rights.
7. Explain the procedure under Land Revenue Code, 1968 for conversion of use of land from one purpose to another.
8. With reference to Goa, Daman and Diu, Mamlat dar’s Court Act briefly discuss the provisions relating to “plaint” and “rejection of plaint”.
9. Enumerate and explain the powers of Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdar’s Court Act, 1966.
10. What are the various grounds on which the “bhatkar” can evict the “Mundkar” from the dwelling house under Mundkar’s Act, 1975 ?

P.T.O.



11. Define the term "Mundkar" and briefly outline the rights of Mundkar to repair, maintain and improve the dwelling house, to enjoy the supply of power, water or any customary easement under the Mundkar's (Protection from Eviction) Act, 1975.
12. Explain the Register of Mundkar and Mundkar's right to alienate under Mundkar's (protection from eviction) Act, 1975.
13. What are the different grounds on which a tenant can be evicted by the landlord under Goa, Daman and Diu building (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968.
14. Explain with reference to G. D. D. buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968 :
  - a) "Fair Rent" and "Fair Rate".
  - b) Classes of buildings to which act does not apply ?



LDO – 1419

LL.B. Degree (Semester – VI) Examination, October 2014  
CRIMINOLOGY

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 10** questions from Q. No. 1 to 14.  
2) **Each** question carries **10** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Examine the meaning, nature and scope of criminology.
  2. "Sociologists have made use of the multiple factor approach to explain the causation of crime" – Explain.
  3. Define White Collar Crimes. Differentiate between white collar crimes and other conventional crimes.
  4. "Unlike the retributive theory, the reformatory theory of punishment emphasizes on the reformation of offenders" – Explain.
  5. Examine the salient features of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000 and discuss the amendments thereto.
  6. "Police plays an important role in the administration of justice" – Discuss with reference to the functions of the police.
  7. Discuss the various initiatives taken by the Supreme Court of India to protect the rights of prisoners.
  8. 'Parole and probation both have the same objectives but they differ from each other in crucial aspects' – Explain.
  9. Explain with the help of decided cases the legal position of capital punishment in India.
  10. What is organized crime ? Examine the various kinds of organized crime.
  11. Discuss :
    - a) 'born criminals'
    - b) crimes against women.
  12. Explain :
    - a) pre-classical school of criminology
    - b) crime prevention.
  13. Examine the importance of the study of penology in modern times.
  14. Write notes on :
    - a) criminal – politician nexus
    - b) cyber crimes.
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LDO – 1420

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – VI) Examination, October 2014  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** I) Answer **any ten** from Q. No. 1 to 14.

II) **All** answers carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the essentials of patent and mention non patentable inventions with suitable examples under the Patent (Amendment) Act, 2005.
2. Explain in detail the procedure to obtain patent as laid down under the Patent Amendment Act, 2005.
3. Define infringement of patent and enumerate the remedies available in case of infringement of patent.
4. Examine in detail various kinds of specification and its essentials features.
5. Explain the concept of trademark and discuss the essentials of trademark under the trademark legislation.
6. Critically examine traditional and nontraditional trademarks with suitable illustrations.
7. 'Registration is essential to protect the trademark from infringement'. Critically examine the various stages in registration of trademark.
8. Define deceptive similarity. Examine the grounds for deceptive similarity with judicial pronouncements.
9. Enumerate the 'terms of copyright' with respect to various kinds of copyright work.
10. 'Any written, printed work and symbols comes under literary work'. Explain the term literary work with exception under copyright legislation.



11. Mention in detail the exceptions when author is not owner of copyright in relation to various kinds of copyright work.
12. 'Musical work is subject matter of copyright'. Enumerate musical work and mention the problems music industry is facing in India.
13. Answer the following :
  - a) Performer and his rights
  - b) Organs of WIPO.
14. Answer the following :
  - a) Passing off – Trademarks
  - b) Rights of patentee.