



LDA – 1622

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016
CONTRACT – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : Answer **any ten** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Define and distinguish contract of Indemnity and Guarantee.
 2. Define bailment and explain the duties of bailee.
 3. Briefly explain various methods by which an agency may be created.
 4. What is meant by dissolution of a partnership ? Explain various kinds of dissolution.
 5. Who is holder in due course ? What are the privileges of holder in due course ?
 6. What do you understand by negotiable instrument ? Explain various characteristics of negotiable instruments.
 7. Explain the rule of Caveat Emptor and state the exceptions if any.
 8. Explain the rule of *Nemo det quod non habet* and state the exceptions if any.
 9. Discuss the rights and liabilities of a minor in a partnership.
 10. Define partnership and explain it's essential.
 11. Answer the following :
 - a) Kinds of goods
 - b) Sale by sample.
 12. What are surety's rights against the principal debtor and the creditor ? Does he have any rights against co-sureties ?
 13. Explain the Rights of unpaid seller.
 14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
 - a) Sale by description
 - b) Doctrine of Holding out
 - c) Pledge.
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L.L.B. (Degree) - II Examination, April 2016
CONTRACT - II

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

Instructions: Answer any ten questions.
All questions carry equal marks (10x10=100)

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2. Define bailment and explain the duties of bailee.
3. Briefly explain various methods by which an agency may be created.
4. What is meant by dissolution of a partnership? Explain various kinds of dissolution.
5. Who is holder in due course? What are the privileges of holder in due course?
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 - a) Sale by description
 - b) Doctrine of Holding out
 - c) Pledge



2/05/2016

LDA - 1628

LL.B. (Semester-II) Degree Examination, April 2016
FAMILY LAW - I (Old Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the ancient sources of Hindu Law.
2. Discuss various schools of Muslim Law.
3. Discuss the various conditions of valid Hindu Marriage under the HM Act, 1955.
4. Discuss the absolute and relative impediments to a Muslim Marriage.
5. Discuss the essential ceremonies of marriage under the Hindu and Muslim Laws.
6. Critically analyse the provisions of the Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929 and make suggestions for improvement.
7. Discuss with the help of case law Cruelty as a ground for divorce under Hindu Law.
8. Discuss the various bars to matrimonial relief under the Hindu Law.
9. With reference to talak, explain.
 - a) Implied and Contingent Divorce
 - b) Delegated Divorce.
10. Discuss the wife's special grounds for divorce under the Hindu Marriage Act.
11. Define Guardian. Discuss who are natural guardians of legitimate and illegitimate children under the HM & G Act 1956 ?
12. Who are the person who have a right to take a child in adoption ?
13. Discuss provisions of maintenance under Section 125 Cr. P C 1973.
14. Explain the various provisions relating to custody under various personal laws.



LDA – 1624

25/04/16

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016
FAMILY LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Explain the composition of a Mitakshara Joint Hindu Family and its characteristics.
 2. Discuss the various rights of the Karta of Joint Hindu Family.
 3. What is Sapratibandha Daya ? What are its sources ?
 4. Who are the person who have a right to demand for a partition of the coparcenary property ?
 5. What is meant by re-union after partition ? Who are the persons who can re-unite ?
 6. Discuss the concepts of Avyavaharika debt and Antecedent debt.
 7. What are the different modes of partition ?
 8. Discuss the rules relating to succession of a Hindu male dying intestate.
 9. Discuss the various disqualification to succession under Hindu law.
 10. Who are sharers ? What are their respective shares under the Muslim law ?
 11. Discuss the rules relating to succession for persons other than Parsis under the Indian Succession Act 1926.
 12. Discuss general community of assets and absolute separation of assets under the property regimes of Family Laws of Goa.
 13. Discuss the various impediments to the formulation of Uniform Civil Code. Support with case laws.
 14. Examine the concept of Family courts. How is it similar and different from that of Civil Courts dealing with family matters ?
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LDA - 1654

22/04/16

L.L.B. Degree (Semester - II) Examination, April 2016
FAMILY LAW - II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer any ten questions
2) All questions carry equal marks

1. Explain the composition of a Mitakshara Joint Hindu Family and its characteristics
2. Discuss the various rights of the Karta of Joint Hindu Family
3. What is Saptha Bandha Daya? What are its sources?
4. Who are the persons who have a right to demand for a partition of the coparcenary property?
5. What is meant by re-union after partition? Who are the persons who can re-union?
6. Discuss the concepts of Avyavaharika debt and Antecedent debt.
7. What are the different modes of partition?
8. Discuss the rules relating to succession of a Hindu male dying intestate.
9. Discuss the various disqualifications to succession under Hindu law.
10. Who are sharers? What are their respective shares under the Muslim law?
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12. Discuss general community of assets and absolute separation of assets under the property regimes of Family Laws of Goa.
13. Discuss the various impediments to the formulation of Uniform Civil Code. Support with case laws.
14. Examine the concept of Family courts. How is it similar and different from that of Civil Courts dealing with family matters?



LDA – 1625

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : a) Answer **any ten** questions. **Each** question carries **equal** marks.

b) Please use the **same** question numbers given in the question paper while answering them.

c) **Substantiate** answers with relevant case laws.

(10×10=100)

1. Examine the powers of President under Indian Constitution.
2. Discuss the original and advisory jurisdiction of Supreme court.
3. "President is mere titular head and he has to act according to the advice of Council of Ministers" – Explain.
4. Explain the following :
 - a) Theory of territorial nexus
 - b) Doctrine of Pith and substance.
5. Examine the procedure for removal of judges and explain Constitutional Scheme for securing independence of judiciary.
6. Write short notes on the following :
 - a) Restriction on states taxing power
 - b) Finance commission.
7. Examine freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse as guaranteed by Constitution and state restriction on it.
8. Discuss Constitutional privileges available to members of Parliament and state legislature.
9. Examine the power to amend Indian Constitution and State procedure of amendment.

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10. Explain the following :
 - a) Doctrine of sovereign immunity
 - b) Promissory estoppel.
11. Analyse the power of Union Government to declare emergency in case of failure of Constitutional Machinery in State.
12. Discuss the scope of doctrine of pleasure.
13. Analyse the provisions relating to jurisdiction of High Court.
14. Write short notes on :
 - a) Disqualification for membership of Parliament
 - b) Money bill.



31/05/16
PA

LDA – 1629

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW (Old Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer any 10 questions.

(10×10=100)

1. Explain salient features of the Indian Constitution.
 2. Explain the concept of protective discrimination as provided under the Indian Constitution.
 3. Discuss the legislative relations between Centre and States in India.
 4. Explain the scope of fundamental right as to freedom of religion as guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.
 5. Critically analyse the new concept of equality with the help of decided cases.
 6. Discuss how the court has widened the scope of right to life and personal liberty.
 7. Explain the power of parliament to amend the Constitution in the light of doctrine of basic structure.
 8. When can emergency be proclaimed under Article 352 and explain its impact on fundamental rights.
 9. Explain how court has widened the scope of definition of 'State' under the Constitution.
 10. Explain the powers and functions of Election Commission of India.
 11. Discuss the different kinds of jurisdictions of the Supreme Court.
 12. Explain the important Directive Principles of State Policy.
 13. Discuss the constitutional remedies available for enforcement of fundamental rights.
 14. Write short note on :
 - a) Untouchability
 - b) Public interest litigation.
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L.L.B. Degree (Semester - II) Examination, April 2018
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW (Old Course)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

Instruction: Answer any 10 questions

(10x10=100)

1. Explain salient features of the Indian Constitution.
2. Explain the concept of protective discrimination as provided under the Indian Constitution.
3. Discuss the legislative relations between Centre and States in India.
4. Explain the scope of fundamental right as to freedom of religion as guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.
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14. Write short note on :
 - a) Untouchability
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LDA – 1623

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016
(Old Course and New Course)
LAW OF PROPERTY/PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING EASEMENTS

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions.
2) **Each** will carry **equal** marks.
3) Write **appropriate** examples.

1. Define the term Notice and elucidate in detail Constructive Notice with case laws. (10×10=100)
2. Property and interests in property as a general rule is transferrable explain Spes Successions as an exception to the rule.
3. Discuss the provision which prevents the transferor from controlling the power of alienation of the transferee once interest is transferred.
4. Explain the Rule against Perpetuity.
5. Explain the following :
 - a) Charge
 - b) Gift and essentials of gift.
6. Write a note on the following :
 - a) Condition Precedent
 - b) Vested Interest.
7. "Benefit and burden must co-exist" Explain the doctrine of Election.
8. Define Covenants and state the kinds of covenants.
9. Discuss the Doctrine of Part Performance.
10. Once a mortgage always a mortgage nothing but a mortgage. Explain.
11. Elucidate the rights and liabilities of buyer and seller in a sale.
12. Explain the doctrine of Marshalling and Contribution.
13. Define the term easement and the modes by which an easement can be acquired.
14. State the different ways in which lease is determined.



L.L.B. Degree (Semester - II) Examination, April 2016
(Old Course and New Course)
LAW OF PROPERTY/PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING EASEMENTS

Max. Marks : 100

Duration : 3 Hours

Instructions : 1) Answer any ten questions.
2) Each will carry equal marks.
3) Write appropriate examples.

1. Define the term Notice and elucidate in detail Constructive Notice with case laws. (10x10=100)
2. Property and interests in property as a general rule is transferable explain 200 Successions as an exception to the rule.
3. Discuss the provision which prevents the transferor from controlling the power of alienation of the transferee once interest is transferred.
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30/04/2016

Dr

LDA – 1627

**LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, April 2016
WOMEN AND LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer **any ten** questions from Q. No. 1 to 14.

1. Discuss the position of women under various personal laws bringing out the need for enacting the Uniform Civil Code. 10
2. Write short notes on **any two** : 10
 - a) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - b) Adultery
 - c) Cruelty by husband and relatives.
3. Examine the various provisions that protect a girl child under the Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Technique Act, 1994. 10
4. Explain the various provisions of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 which are relevant to women. 10
5. Analyse the salient features of the Equal Remuneration Act. 10
6. Explain Sati system and analyse the law relating to it. 10
7. Explain the offences affecting human body under the Indian Penal Code with respect to women. 10
8. Examine the various grounds of divorce granted to women under the Hindu Marriage Act. 10
9. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. 10
10. Examine the salient features of the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956. 10
11. Indecent Representation of women is punishable. Discuss the said statement in the light of Indecent Representation of Women Act, 1986. 10
12. Discuss the provisions for maintenance of women under various law. 10
13. Write a note on National Commission for women. 10
14. Analyse the concept of Sexual Harassment of women at workplace in the light of vishaka guidelines. 10

30/05/2016

LDA - 1827



WOMEN AND LAW
L.L.B. Degree (Semester - II) Examination, April 2016

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

Instruction: Answer any ten questions from Q. No. 1 to 14.

1. Discuss the position of women under various personal laws bringing out the need for enacting the Uniform Civil Code. 10
2. Write short notes on any two: 10
 - a) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
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