



LDO – 1501

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
CONTRACT – II

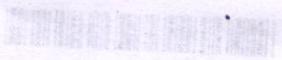
Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Define Bailment. Explain duties of Bailee.
 2. Explain various modes of discharge of surety from liability.
 3. Non-owner can also create a valid pledge. Explain.
 4. Discuss different modes of creation of agency.
 5. Examine the position of minor admitted to the benefits of partnership.
 6. Explain implied conditions in contract of sale.
 7. Discuss provisions relating to dishonour of cheque under Section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
 8. Define partnership and state the essential features of partnership firm.
 9. Explain the following :
 - a) Goods
 - b) Right to stoppage in transit.
 10. What is indorsement ? Explain different kinds of indorsements.
 11. Examine the doctrine of holding out.
 12. Explain various modes of termination of agency.
 13. Discuss different rules of delivery of goods.
 14. Define Promissory Note and distinguish between Promissory Note and Bill of Exchange.
-



L.L.B. Degree (Semester - II) Examination, October 2015
CONTRACT - II

Max. Marks : 100

Duration : 3 Hours

Instructions : 1) Answer any ten questions.
2) All questions carry equal marks.

(10x10=100)

1. Define Bailment. Explain duties of Bailor.
2. Explain various modes of discharge of surety from liability.
3. Non-owner can also create a valid pledge. Explain.
4. Discuss different modes of creation of agency.
5. Examine the position of minor admitted to the benefits of partnership.
6. Explain implied conditions in contract of sale.
7. Discuss provisions relating to dishonour of cheque under Section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
8. Define partnership and state the essential features of partnership firm.
9. Explain the following :
 - a) Goods
 - b) Right to stoppage in transit.
10. What is indorsement? Explain different kinds of indorsements.
11. Examine the doctrine of holding out.
12. Explain various modes of termination of agency.
13. Discuss different rules of delivery of goods.
14. Define Promissory Note and distinguish between Promissory Note and Bill of Exchange.



LDO – 1507

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
FAMILY LAW – I
(Old Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) *Answer any ten.*
2) *All questions carry equal marks.*

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the ancient sources of Hindu Law.
 2. Discuss the various impediments to a Muslim marriage.
 3. Discuss the classification of marriage under Muslim Law.
 4. Discuss the theories of Divorce.
 5. Discuss void and voidable marriages under Hindu Law.
 6. Explain the various bars to matrimonial reliefs.
 7. Discuss the concept of judicial separation. What are the grounds of separation ?
 8. Define Mehr and discuss its kinds.
 9. Define Guardian. What are the powers of a natural guardian ?
 10. Critically analyse the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. Have the amendments brought about the desired change or does it require further change ?
 11. Write an essay on the right of a Hindu wife to obtain maintenance from her husband.
 12. Discuss any two matrimonial regimes provided for under the Family Laws of Goa.
 13. Discuss the requisites of a valid adoption.
 14. Section 125 Cr.P.C. is a benevolent provision and the religion of the claimant is immaterial to the claim of maintenance – Comment.
-



LDO – 1503

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
FAMILY LAW – II (New Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : i) Answer **any ten** questions.
ii) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. State and explain the main features of Dayabagha Coparcenary.
 2. Explain the Karta's power of alienation of Joint Family property.
 3. With reference to the Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005, comment upon the nature and extent of son's liability to repay father's debts.
 4. Discuss the general rules of succession under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
 5. Discuss the rules of succession relating to a Hindu male dying intestate under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
 6. Enumerate the various classes of heirs under the Hanafi law.
 7. Examine the concept of Family Courts and discuss its jurisdiction and support services visualised by the 1984 Act.
 8. With reference to administration of "Gender Justice" examine the role of the judiciary in bringing about a social change.
 9. Examine the concept of settlement of spousal under the Portuguese Civil Code.
 10. Explain partition by Metes and Bounds. How is this Partition Made ?
 11. Discuss the impediments in the way of implementing Art. 44 of the Constitution of India.
 12. What is Stridhan ? Explain women's right to property.
 13. Discuss the Marumakkattayam and Aliyasantana systems of law.
 14. "India is a Secular Country". Explain Religious Pluralism in India.
-



LDO – 1508

**LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
(New Course) CONSTITUTIONAL LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer *any 10* questions.

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the meaning of right to life and personal liberty with the help of various judicial pronouncements.
 2. "Equals be treated alike and unequals differently" – Comment with special emphasis on Arts. 14, 15(4) and 16(4).
 3. How does the Constitution guarantee the right to freedom of religion ? Is this absolute ?
 4. Discuss the relation between fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy.
 5. Explain the important features of the Constitution of India.
 6. Write a note on Preamble. Explain its importance.
 7. Explain the constitutional safeguards available to a person arrested under ordinary law.
 8. "Trade, Commerce and Intercourse shall be free throughout the territory of India". Explain.
 9. To what extent can the Constitution of India be amended ? Explain with the help of decided cases.
 10. Discuss the role of President under Indian Constitution.
 11. Explain the provisions of Indian Constitution regarding appointment and transfer of Judges of the High Courts and Supreme Court with the help of case law.
 12. Examine the various privileges of members of parliament.
 13. Discuss the legislative process under Indian Constitution.
 14. Write short notes on :
 - a) Constitutional Safeguards available to civil servants against arbitrary dismissal.
 - b) Right to property.
-

L.L.B. Degree Semester - II Examination, October 2019
(New Course) CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 2 hours

(2x10=100)

Instruction: Answer any 10 questions

1. Discuss the meaning of right to life and personal liberty with the help of various judicial pronouncements.
2. Explain the doctrine of equality and equality before the law. Comment with special emphasis on Arts. 14, 15(1) and 16(1).
3. How does the Constitution guarantee the right to freedom of religion? Is this absolute?
4. Discuss the relation between fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy.
5. Explain the important features of the Constitution of India.
6. What is rule of law? Explain its importance.
7. Explain the constitutional safeguards available to a person arrested under ordinary law.
8. "The Executive and Legislature shall be free throughout the territory of India." Explain.
9. To what extent can the Constitution of India be amended? Explain with the help of decided cases.
10. Discuss the role of President under Indian Constitution.
11. Explain the provisions of Indian Constitution relating to appointment and transfer of judges of the High Courts and Supreme Court with the help of case law.
12. Explain the various privileges of members of parliament.
13. Discuss the legislative process under Indian Constitution.
14. Write short notes on:
 - a) Constitutional safeguards available to citizens against arbitrary dismissal.
 - b) Right to property.



LDO – 1504

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
(New Course)
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :** a) Answer **any ten** questions. **Each** question carries **equal** marks.
b) Please **use** the same question numbers given in the question paper while **answering** them.
c) **Substantiate** your answers with relevant **case laws**. **(10×10=100)**

1. Explain fully the legislative procedure under Indian Constitution.
2. Explain the circumstances in which national emergency can be imposed and its effect.
3. Examine various instances in which centre can legislate on state subjects.
4. Explain the role of Governor under Indian Constitution.
5. Examine various federal features of Indian Constitution.
6. Discuss the constitutional scheme of distribution of financial relation between Centre and State.
7. Discuss how far independency of judiciary is protected under Indian Constitution.
8. Explain the power of the President of India in granting pardon.
9. Discuss various constitutional safeguards available to the civil servants against arbitrary removal.
10. Explain the role of Election Commission of India in ensuring free and fair elections in India.
11. Explain the concept freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse. Enumerate the exceptions if any.

P.T.O.



12. Explain the following :

- a) Original Jurisdiction of Supreme Court.
- b) Money Bill.

13. What is government contract ? Explain the rules laid down by the constitution with regarding to government contracts.

14. Explain **any two** of the following :

- a) Right to property.
- b) Anti Defection Law.
- c) Mandamus.



LDO – 1502

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
LAW OF PROPERTY/PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING EASEMENTS
(New Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :** a) Answer **any ten** questions.
b) **Each** carry **equal** marks.
c) Write **appropriate** examples.

(10×10=100)

1. Explain Spes successions and Right to re-entry as non transferable property.
2. "Condition restraining alienation is void". Explain.
3. Discuss the procedure to transfer property for the benefits of unborn person along with rule against perpetuity.
4. Explain the provision under T.P. Act with regard to vested interest and distinguish it from contingent interest.
5. "A person while accepting a benefit of one deed cannot reject or go against the burden expressed in the same". Explain the Doctrine of Election.
6. Explain the essentials and exceptions to the doctrine of Lis pendens.
7. Explain the provision under S.43 of the T.P. Act with illustrations.
8. Define the term sale, state the essentials in detail and distinguish between sale and contract of sale.
9. Explain the following :
 - a) Donatio Mortis Causa
 - b) Universal Donee
 - c) Onerous Gift

P.T.O.



10. Explain the term lease along with essentials and distinguish it from licence.
11. Discuss the statutory Right of Redemption of mortgagor and enumerate instances when it would amount to clog on redemption.
12. Define the term mortgage and state the various kinds of mortgages.
13. Explain the following :
 - a) Charge
 - b) Actionable claim.
14. Define the term easement and state essentials and types of easements.



LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2015
WOMEN AND LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer any ten questions.

(10×10=100)

1. Examine the provisions of Constitution as means to protect the human rights of the women with the help of decided cases. 10
2. Discuss the various provisions that protect a girl child under the Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Technique Act 1994. 10
3. Explain the Salient features of the Equal Remuneration Act. 10
4. Discuss the provisions for maintenance of women under various Laws. 10
5. Explain the following in brief. 10
 - a) Maternity Benefit Act 1961.
 - b) Adultery.
6. Explain the provisions of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 which are relevant to women. 10
7. Indecent Representation of women is punishable. Discuss the said statement in the light of Indecent Representation of Women Act, 1986. 10
8. Discuss the position of women under the various personal laws bringing out the need for enacting the Uniform Civil Code. 10
9. Explain the following : 10
 - a) Bigamy
 - b) Sexual Harassment of working women.



- 10. Discuss the salient features of the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956. 10
 - 11. Explain the offences affecting Human body under Indian Penal Code with respect to Women. 10
 - 12. Evaluate the Scheme of the Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987. 10
 - 13. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. 10
 - 14. Discuss the grounds of divorce granted to women under the Hindu Marriage Act. 10
-