



LDO – 1509

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : a) Answer **any 10** questions.
b) **Each** carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. State and explain the common law remedies for the protection of environment.
 2. Explain the protection of environment during Ancient India.
 3. Analyse the importance of public interest litigation in protecting environment and cite appropriate case law in that regard.
 4. State and explain the various causes and effects of water pollution and cite the remedies provided under Water Pollution Act.
 5. Examine the judicial approach in relation to Air Pollution.
 6. Critically analyse the various loopholes under Environment Protection Act, 1986.
 7. Examine the discretionary modal with reference to Environment Impact Assessment.
 8. State and explain the important provisions under Coastal Regulation Zone.
 9. Examine the important provisions laid down under Forest Conservation Act and cite case laws if any ?
 10. State and explain the prohibited activities under Wild Life Protection Act and examine Role of Authorities.
 11. State and explain the important features of Sustainable Development.
 12. Examine the concept of right to know in environmental matters.
 13. Write note on Noise Pollution and Stockholm Declaration.
 14. State and explain various kinds of pollution and its effects on Environment.
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LDO – 1510

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
LAW OF EVIDENCE

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Explain the rule of Res gestae. Distinguish between Res gestae and Hearsay Evidence.
2. Discuss things said or done by conspirator in reference to common design.
3. Explain the provisions under Evidence Act relating to confessions. State whether confession made to police officer is admissible.
4. Explain the various provisions under the Indian Evidence Act where the court may presume.
5. State the reasons for admissibility of Dying Declaration.
6. 'A judgment is an adjudication of a matter in dispute by a court'. Explain.
7. 'General rule is that character evidence is in admissible'. Examine the relevant rules on admissibility of character evidence.
8. Discuss the rule of Hearsay Evidence with exceptions.
9. Explain the following :
 - a) Presumption as to documents thirty years old
 - b) Public Document.
10. Define the term estoppel and state the various kinds of estoppel.

P.T.O.



11. Who is a competent witness ? State who may testify as witnesses.

12. Discuss the following :

- a) Leading questions when they may be asked when they must not be asked.
- b) Order of examination.

13. Discuss exclusion of oral evidence by documentary evidence.

14. State under what circumstances opinion of third persons are relevant.



LDO – 1513

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions from Q. Nos. 1 to 14.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Discuss the main tenets of the classical school of criminology.
 2. What do you mean by organized predatory crime ? Explain with illustrations.
 3. Why does white collar crime not attract much attention of the society ?
 4. Discuss the classification of offenders according to Cesare Lombroso.
 5. How far is society responsible for the growth of criminals ?
 6. State the factors responsible for the steep rise in sex offences.
 7. Write a brief note on :
 - a) Family background and crime
 - b) Economic conditions and crime
 8. What are the preventive functions of the police ?
 9. Explain the rights of an arrested person.
 10. Explain the object and purpose of criminal law.
 11. "In India, young offenders have been given special attention by the legislators"
– Explain.
 12. What are the main causes of drug addiction ?
 13. Discuss :
 - a) Caste and community tensions
 - b) Habitual offenders
 14. Discuss the Psychological concept of crime.
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LDO – 1511

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
COMPANY LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : a) Answer **any 10** questions.
b) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Discuss Advantages and disadvantages of company with relevant case laws.
 2. How Articles of association is different from Memorandum of association and what is binding force of the two documents ?
 3. What remedy an allottee has against the company for misstatement in prospectus ?
 4. Discuss Position, Legal Status, duties and liabilities of promoters, with special reference to Pre-incorporation contracts.
 5. What are the different modes of becoming the member of the company ?
 6. Explain the Doctrine of Constructive notice.
 7. How and in what Circumstances can companies reduce, increase and recognize its share capital ?
 8. Discuss Rights and Duties of an Auditor.
 9. Explain how the rights of the minority Shareholders can be protected. Elaborate the provisions of Companies Act in this regard.
 10. What are the various rules regarding the appointment and Disqualification of Directors ?
 11. Discuss the provisions relating to winding up of a company by the Court.
 12. Define Debentures and discuss kinds of debentures.
 13. Explain the following :
 - a) Forfeiture of shares
 - b) Official Liquidator.
 14. Explain the following :
 - a) Requisites of a Valid Meetings
 - b) Company Limited by shares.
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LDO – 1515

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
BANKING LAW INCLUDING CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : i) Answer any ten questions from Q. Nos. 1 to 14.
ii) Each question carries 10 marks.

1. Discuss origin and evolution of Banking Institution in India. 10
2. Define 'Banker' and 'Customer'. Explain the different types of relationships between them. 10
3. Explain letters of credit. What are the different types of commercial letters of credit ? 10
4. What is Garnishee Order ? Explain the law relating to Garnishee Order. 10
5. Discuss the reasons for nationalisation of schedule banks in India. 10
6. Elaborate on the salient features of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. 10
7. Discuss the statutory protection to the paying Banker. 10
8. How the Reserve Bank of India exercise control over Banking Companies ? 10
9. Analyse the composition and jurisdiction of Consumer Disputes Redressal Forum and Consumer disputes Redressal Commission. 10
10. Explain the meaning of "Complaint" and "Complainant" under Consumer Protection Act. 10

P.T.O.



- 11. What are the different rights of a consumer ? 10
- 12. Write short notes on : 10
 - a) Defect and deficiency.
 - b) Punishment under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- 13. Consumer Protection Act is a milestone in the history which was passed in order to protect the interest and needs of the consumer. Comment. 10
- 14. Write short notes on : 10
 - a) Consumer Protection Council.
 - b) Appeals in the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.



LDO – 1512

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2015
LAW OF BANKING (New Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any 10** questions from Q. No. 1 to Q. No. 14.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. What is Banking ? Outline the Agency and General Utility Services in Banking.
2. Give a detailed account of the following types of accounts.
 - a) Current Account
 - b) Deposit Account
 - c) Trust Account.
3. Explain in brief :
 - a) Reserve Bank of India
 - b) Control by Ombudsman.
4. Examine the evolution of Central Banks in India.
5. What is meant by Guarantee ? Explain the kinds of Guarantee in banking.
6. Explain the remedy of recovery of debts that are due to a Bank.
7. Outline the legal character of a banker-customer relationship.
8. What are letters of credit ? Examine the basic features of letters of credit.
9. What is meant by dishonor of a cheque ? Add a note on exceptions to the duty of honouring cheques.

P.T.O.



10. Explain in brief :
 - a) Banker's Right of lien
 - b) Merchant banking.
 11. Explain good faith statutory protection to the collecting banker.
 12. What is a holder and a holder in due course ?
 13. Explain in brief :
 - a) Crossed cheque
 - b) Negotiable instrument.
 14. Give an account of the necessity of and controls by Nationalisation of banks in India.
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