

LL.B. Degree (Semester – I) Examination, October 2015

LAW OF CRIMES

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Instructions :**
- Answer **any ten** questions in **all**.
 - Q. No. **14** is **compulsory**.
 - Each** question carries **10** marks.
 - Candidates are expected to **use case law and illustrations**.

- 'Every person shall be liable to punishment every act or omission contrary to the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, of which he shall be guilty within India'. Explain in detail with special reference to jurisdiction of the code.
- Explain in detail the law of abetment as provided in the IPC, 1860 and give an account of the different types of abetment with their corresponding punishments.
- Explain the acts against which there is no right of private defence. Add a note on when the right of private defence of property extends to the voluntary causing of death.
- Examine the law relating to unsoundness of mind and compare it with the law relating to intoxication as general exceptions in the IPC, 1860.
- Explain :
 - Accident, as a general exception.
 - General exception with regard to acts to which a person is compelled, by threats.
- Give a detailed account of the offences which are with respect to causing of miscarriage and of injuries to unborn children. Add a note on the relevant provisions of the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971.
- Examine and compare the offences of 'Rape' and 'Adultery' under the IPC, 1860.
- Explain the offences in connection with 'hurt' and 'grievous hurt', including its aggravated forms as provided in the IPC, 1860.
- Analyse and compare in detail the offences of theft, extortion and criminal breach of trust as understood in the IPC, 1860. Can a person commit theft of his own property ? Explain.



10. Describe the different provisions of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 related to cheating.
11. Examine the substantive law and judicial pronouncements of the Supreme Court of India relating to the punishment for the offence of murder.
12. Write short notes on :
 - a) Gender and number
 - b) Counterfeit
 - c) Dishonestly
 - d) Good faith
 - e) Person.
13. 'Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea'. Explain this maxim along with its exceptions.
14. Answer **any two** of the following using logical reasoning of the appropriate ingredients :
 - a) A threatens to publish a libel concerning B, unless B gives him one crore of rupees. Has A committed any offence ?
 - b) X and Y agree to have a boxing match for amusement, in the course of which X, hurts Y. What offence, if any has X committed ?
 - c) A, a labourer is at work with an axe, the metallic head of which detaches from the wooden stick, and kills B, a bystander. It is seen that there is want of proper caution on the part of A. Discuss criminal liability of A.