



LDO – 1601

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
CONTRACT – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. Define and distinguish contract of Indemnity and Guarantee.
2. Critically examine various rights of surety against the principal debtor and the creditor. Does he have any rights against co-sureties ?
3. Is registration of partnership firm necessary under the Indian Partnership Act ? What are the effects of non-registration ?
4. State briefly the rules as to the passing of property from the seller to buyer.
5. Explain the circumstances in which a banker can refuse to honour the cheque. What is the liability of the banker for wrongful refusal to honour the cheque ?
6. Discuss the different modes in which the authority of an agent may be terminated.
7. What is Bill of Exchange ? State its essential features. How it differs from cheque ?
8. Explain briefly various conditions implied by law in contract of sale of goods.
9. Explain the nature of contract of sale of goods. Explain the distinction between sale and agreement to sell.
10. Explain various rights and duties of agent in contract of agency.
11. Can a minor be admitted to a partnership ? If so what are the rights and liabilities of such minor.
12. Explain the following :
 - a) Kinds of agents
 - b) Noting and Protest.
13. Who is unpaid seller ? Explain his rights under Sale of Goods Act.
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
 - a) Rights of agent.
 - b) Duties of partner.
 - c) Promissory note.



LDO – 1603

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
FAMILY LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any ten** questions.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

(10×10=100)

1. "The Mitakshara Coparcenary is a unique contribution of Hindu Jurisprudence". Explain.
 2. Discuss in detail the Karta's powers of alienation of joint family property.
 3. What is Apratibandha Daya ? What are its sources ?
 4. Who are entitled to a share on partition of the coparcenary property ?
 5. Explain re-opening after partition ? Who can demand for a reopening ?
 6. Discuss the doctrine of son's Pious obligation. Has it undergone any change under the Hindu Succession Amendment Act, 2005.
 7. Discuss the formation and incidents of a Dayabhaga Coparcenary.
 8. Discuss the general rules of succession under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
 9. Who are residuaries ? What portion of estate do they take ?
 10. Discuss the rules relating to succession of a Hindu Male dying intestate.
 11. Discuss the rules relating to Parsi succession under the Indian Succession Act, 1926.
 12. Discuss the property regimes under the Family Laws of Goa.
 13. Discuss the Constitution and Jurisdiction of Family Courts 1984.
 14. In the light of religious pluralism discuss the need for Uniform Civil Code. Support with case law.
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LDO – 1604

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : a) Answer **any ten** questions. **Each** question carries **equal** marks.

b) Please use the **same** question numbers given in the question paper while answering them.

c) **Substantiate** answers with **relevant** case laws.

(10×10=100 Marks)

1. Explain the law-making function of the legislature.
2. Analyse the writ jurisdiction of High Court with relevant cases.
3. Explain the position of President of India under the Constitution.
4. Write short notes on the following :
 - a) Supreme Court as court of record.
 - b) Advisory jurisdiction of Supreme Court.
5. Examine the principles of interpretation evolved by Supreme Court to determine the extent of legislative powers of Centre and State.
6. How far is the state liable for torts committed by its servants ?
7. Discuss the scheme of distribution of revenue sources between Centre and State.
8. Discuss the theory of basic structure with relevant cases.
9. Indian Constitution ensures freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout territory of India – Explain.

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10. Analyse the concept of Presidents Rule under Indian Constitution.
11. "Federal Constitution of India provides Rules for Co-operation between Centre and State" – Explain.
12. Write short notes on :
 - a) Pardoning power of President.
 - b) Election of President.
13. Comment on the privileges and immunities guaranteed to members of legislature.
14. What is doctrine of pleasure ? State restrictions on doctrine of pleasure.

Duration : 3 Hours

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3. Explain the position of President of India under the Constitution.

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a) Supreme Court as court of record.

b) Advisory jurisdiction of Supreme Court.

5. Examine the principles of interpretation evolved by Supreme Court to determine the extent of legislative powers of Centre and State.

6. How far is the state liable for torts committed by its servants ?

7. Discuss the scheme of distribution of revenue sources between Centre and State.

8. Discuss the theory of basic structure with relevant cases.

9. Indian Constitution ensures freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout territory of India – Explain.



LDO – 1608

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW (Old Course)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction: Answer any 10 questions.

(10×10=100)

1. Explain the constitutional provisions relating to protection of women and children.
 2. Discuss the scope of protection given to minorities under the Indian Constitution.
 3. Examine the different kinds of emergencies as contemplated under the Indian Constitution.
 4. Discuss the administrative relations between Union and States in India.
 5. Explain the various facets of right to life and personal liberty with the help of decided cases.
 6. Discuss how freedom of press is guaranteed under the Indian Constitution ?
 7. Explain the constitutional safeguards provided to the persons arrested under preventive detention law.
 8. Discuss the constitutional provisions relating to reservation in educational institutions.
 9. Explain the rule of 'ex-post facto law' and 'privilege against self incrimination'.
 10. Explain the concept of judicial review.
 11. Discuss the scope of fundamental right to carry on any occupation, trade or business as guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.
 12. Explain the inter-relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy.
 13. Explain the role of public interest litigation in enforcement of fundamental rights.
 14. Write short note on :
 - a) Doctrine of basic structure.
 - b) Co-operative federalism.
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LDO – 1602

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
LAW OF PROPERTY/PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING EASEMENTS

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Instructions :** a) Answer **any ten** questions.
b) **Each** will carry **equal** marks.
c) Write **appropriate** examples.

(10×10=100)

1. Immoveable property does not include standing timber, growing crops and grass. Define the term immoveable property in detail.
 2. Explain Spes Successions and Right of re-entry as exceptions to the general rule of alienability of property.
 3. "A restraint on right to alienation is void". Explain and state the various categories of restraints.
 4. Explain the provisions under T.P. Act which deal with transfer for benefit of unborn person.
 5. Discuss what is Vested and Contingent interest and state the difference between the two.
 6. No one can approbate and reprobate at the same time. Explain.
 7. Discuss the Doctrine of Holding Out.
 8. Explain Fraudulent Transfer under the T.P. Act.
 9. Nothing new can be introduced during a pending Litigation. Elucidate the said statement.
 10. Discuss the right of redemption and state what is clog on redemption.
 11. Define the term sale with essentials and state the duties of the seller.
 12. Explain the term lease and state the rights and liabilities of the Lessee.
 13. Define the term easement and state the kinds of easements with illustrations.
 14. State the essentials of gift and when it may be suspended or revoked.
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LDO – 1606

LL.B. Degree (Semester – II) Examination, October 2016
WOMEN AND LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer any ten questions from Q.No. 1 to 14.

1. Critically analyse the protection guaranteed by the Constitution against discrimination to women. 10
 2. Discuss the protection available to women under the Domestic Violence Act 2005. 10
 3. Enumerate the provisions which are specially intended for the welfare of women under the Factories Act. 10
 4. Explain Sati system and analyse the law relating to it. 10
 5. Discuss the grounds of divorce granted to women under the Hindu Marriage Act. 10
 6. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. 10
 7. Analyse the salient features of the Equal Remuneration Act. 10
 8. Explain the provisions of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 which are relevant to women. 10
 9. Discuss the provisions for Maintenance of women under various Law. 10
 10. Indecent Representation of women is punishable. Discuss the said statement in the light of indecent representation of Women Act, 1986. 10
 11. Discuss the position of women under the various personal laws bringing out the need for enacting the Uniform Civil Code. 10
 12. Briefly analyse the salient features of the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956. 10
 13. Examine the various provisions that protect a girl child under the Preconception and pre-natal Diagnostic Technique Act 1994. 10
 14. Write a note on National Commission for women. 10
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