



LDO – 1609

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any 10** questions.
2) **Each** carry **equal** marks.

1. Industrialisation as a major source of Environmental degradation and pollution. Elucidate.
2. Examine the importance of Section 133 of Criminal Procedure Code relating to environmental pollution.
3. Analyse the importance of right to know in environmental matters in constitutional perspective.
4. State and explain the authorities and their various powers under Water Pollution Act.
5. Vehicular pollution has grave impact on the health of the people analyse it by citing relevant case law.
6. Environment Protection Act is an effective instrument to control pollution, critically analyse the statement.
7. Development activities impact coastal eco-system, examine with appropriate case law.
8. Examine the relevant case law relate to mining and ecological balance.
9. State and explain the exhaustive amendments made to wild life law in detail.
10. Environment Impact Assessment is a hallmark in the development of Environmental law in India. Elucidate.
11. State and explain the International concern towards the protection of environment.
12. Examine polluter pay principle and its contribution by citing case law.
13. Examine the pollution from loudspeaker and fire works with appropriate case law.
14. Examine the protection of environment during ancient period.

10/10/16

LDO – 1610



LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
LAW OF EVIDENCE

Duration : 3 Hours

Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer any ten questions from Q.No. 1 to 14.

1. "Evidence may be given of facts in issue and relevant facts". Explain. 10
 2. Examine the circumstances in which expert opinion is relevant. 10
 3. "Any fact is relevant which shows or constitutes a motive or preparation and conduct of any fact in issue or relevant fact". Explain. 10
 4. Briefly analyse the concept of Presumptions of Law. 10
 5. Examine various kinds of privilege communications. 10
 6. Examine the concept of Burden of Proof in a suit or proceeding. 10
 7. Why is Confession caused by inducement, threat or promise is irrelevant ? 10
 8. Define dying declaration and explain its evidentiary value. 10
 9. Describe different stages in testimony of a witness under Sections 137 and 138 of Indian Evidence Act. 10
 10. Discuss the relevancy of character and admissibility of evidence in civil and criminal cases. 10
 11. Discuss the law regarding competency of a witness Under Sections 118-121 of Indian Evidence Act. 10
 12. Explain the when facts forming part of same transaction relevant. 10
 13. Explain when anything said or done or written by one conspirator is admissible against others. 10
 14. Define primary evidence and secondary evidence and lay down the cases under which secondary evidence is admissible. 10
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LDO – 1613

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any 10** from Q. 1 to 14.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Explain the structure of criminal justice delivery system.
 2. Explain the scope of study of criminology.
 3. What are the causes of female criminality ?
 4. Discuss elaborately Freud's theory of criminal personality.
 5. Discuss the effect of Alcoholism and drug addiction as causes of crime.
 6. "Crime has various causes". Explain.
 7. Why are white collar crimes considered to be more dangerous to the society than the traditional crimes ?
 8. Explain the concept and forms of organised crimes.
 9. Discuss the social control theory of crime.
 10. Discuss the special approach of the justice system towards juvenile delinquents.
 11. What are the causes of communal violence ?
 12. Explain the theory of 'Anomie' as propounded by Durkheim.
 13. Explain the power of Arrest, Search and Seizure by Police.
 14. Answer the following :
 - a) Criminal anthropology
 - b) Terrorism.
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LDO – 1611

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
COMPANY LAW

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : a) Answer **any ten** questions.
b) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Explain the Doctrine of “Lifting the Corporate Veil” with exceptions if any.
2. Discuss the procedure for shifting the registered office of a company from one state to another.
3. Define promoters. Explain his position under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 with case laws.
4. How does a company create a charge on its assets ? Discuss the various kinds of charges created by a company.
5. Discuss the various pre-requisites of a valid meeting.
6. Examine the relevant provisions of the Companies Act dealing with the prevention of oppression and Mismanagement by a company.
7. Explain the various yardsticks followed by a company at the time of allotment of shares.
8. Discuss the various duties of Directors with special reference to the duty of maintaining corporate social responsibility.
9. Examine the provisions of the Companies Act which deals with the procedure of compulsory winding up.
10. Define prospectus. Discuss the remedies provided under the Companies Act for misrepresentation in the prospectus.
11. Discuss the concept of “share capital” with reference to the various types of share capital provided by the Act.
12. Explain the procedure for the registration of a public company under the provisions of Companies Act of 2013.
13. Explain the following :
a) Government company b) Defunct company.
14. Explain the following :
a) Share certificate b) Calls on shares.



LDO – 1614

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
PATENT RIGHTS : CREATION AND REGISTRATION

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : A) Answer **any ten** from Q. No. 1 to 14.

B) **All answers carry equal marks.**

(10×10=100)

1. Distinguish between invention and discovery, discuss the indispensable pillars of patent with the help of examples.
2. Explain in brief non patentable inventions with suitable illustrations as per the Patent Amendment legislation from time to time.
3. Define the term patent. Examine in detail the economic importance, and objectives of Patent Amendment Act, 2005.
4. Answer the following.
 - a) Powers of Controller General of patent
 - b) Exceptions on patentee rights
5. Define infringement of patent and enumerate the various methods of infringement with suitable cases.
6. Answer the following.
 - a) Micro organs and patent
 - b) Rights of patentee
7. Examine in the various civil remedies available in case of infringement of patent under the patent legislation.
8. Discuss the various authorities set up under the patent legislation for protection and registration of patent.
9. Enumerate the meaning, kinds and contents of specification as per patent legislation.

P.T.O.



10. Answer the following :
- a) Modes of transfer of patent rights
 - b) Product and process patent
11. Examine in brief the need and development of patent legislation in India after independence.
12. Critically analyze the need and advantages of Patent Co-operative Treaty for member countries.
13. Answer the following.
- a) First Examination Report (FER)
 - b) Grounds of opposition
14. 'First and true inventor alone can obtain patent'. Analyze the procedure introduced in granting of patent under the Patent Amendment Act, 2005.



LDO – 1615

**LL.B. (Degree) Semester – IV Examination, October 2016
BANKING LAW INCLUDING CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : i) Answer **any ten** questions from Q.No.1 to 14.
ii) **Each** question carries **10** marks.

(10 × 10 = 100)

1. Discuss the evolution of banking in India.
 2. Examine the Banker's right of general lien and its limitations.
 3. Explain in detail the advantages of discounting of bills by banks.
 4. Examine the statutory protection available to a paying banker.
 5. Examine the powers of RBI to grant licence to banking companies under Banking Regulation Act.
 6. What is a passbook ? Examine the effects of entries in the passbook.
 7. What is crossing of cheques ? Explain various types of crossing.
 8. Discuss the reasons for nationalisation of banks in India.
 9. Explain the duties of the banker as a bailee.
 10. Explain the following :
 - a) Letters of credit.
 - b) Holder in due course.
 11. Explain in detail the aims and objectives of Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
 12. Examine the jurisdiction of the State Commission under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
 13. Critically examine the various rights of consumer.
 14. Explain the following :
 - a) Unfair trade practice.
 - b) Service.
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LDO – 1612

LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, October 2016
LAW OF BANKING

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answer **any 10** questions from Q. No. 1 to Q. No. 14.
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks (10×10=100).

1. What is meant by a letter of credit ? Examine the basic features of letters of credit.
 2. Explain with suitable examples the different kinds of Negotiable instruments. Give examples.
 3. Explain in brief :
 - a) Partnership firm account.
 - b) Bank Guarantee.
 4. Explain the statutory protection available to the collecting banker.
 5. Explain the terms 'holder' and 'holder in due course' in banking parlance.
 6. Explain in brief :
 - a) Crossing of a cheque.
 - b) Ombudsman.
 7. Give an account of the emergence of multi-functional dimensions of Banking.
 8. Give detailed explanation of the different services in Banking.
 9. Examine the banker-customer relationship with suitable examples.
 10. Explain in brief :
 - a) Garnishee Order
 - b) Legal obligation to Honour customer's Cheques.
 11. Explain the role of the Reserve Bank of India as a central bank.
 12. What are the principles of good lending by banks ?
 13. Give a detailed account of the following types of accounts :
 - a) Current Account
 - b) Deposit Account
 - c) Trust Account.
 14. Explain the remedy of recovery of debts that are due to a Bank.
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