



**BALBA – 2517**

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017**  
**PATENT RIGHTS : CREATION AND REGISTRATION**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

- Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 8** from Q. No. 1 to Q. No. 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and Q. No. 14 are **compulsory**.

1. Explain history of Patents in India. (8×8=64)
  2. Who can apply for the patent ? What are the types of applications ?
  3. What is protectable subject matter under Patent Law ?
  4. What is the objective behind Patent Law ?
  5. What are the steps involved to register a patent ?
  6. What is specification ? Explain kinds of specification.
  7. What are the rights conferred on patentee ?
  8. What are the forms of transfer of patent rights ?
  9. Which are the grounds under which patent can be revoked ?
  10. What can amount to infringement ?
  11. Where are suits instituted for infringement ? What are the reliefs ?
  12. Discuss Basmati Rice Patent Case.
  13. Write short notes on **any two** : (2.5×2=5)
    - 1) Patent protection on micro organism.
    - 2) Patent in computer program.
    - 3) Biopiracy.
  14. Write short notes on **any two** : (2×3=6)
    - 1) Secrecy of inventions.
    - 2) License.
    - 3) Abstract idea.
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BALBA – 2417

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017**  
**CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight** from question no. 1 to 12.  
2) Question no. 13 & 14 are **compulsory**.

1. What is the purpose of criminology and criminal law ? (8×8=64)
  2. Explain Lombrosos positive theory of criminality.
  3. "Crime is a result of multiple factors". Comment.
  4. Discuss Freuds theory of id, ego and superego influencing crime.
  5. Explain the nine propositions of Sutherlands Differential Association Theory.
  6. What is the role of police under the Police Act ?
  7. Discuss the problem of custodial violence in India.
  8. Why does white collar criminality flourish ?
  9. What is organised crime ? What are its types ?
  10. Which are the principles to be followed in relation to juveniles in conflict with law ?
  11. How does caste factor influence criminality ?
  12. What are the reasons for female criminality ?
  13. Answer **any two** of the following. (2½×2=5)
    - a) Sexual offences
    - b) Crime and Alcoholism
    - c) Hierarchy of criminal courts
    - d) Urban crimes.
  14. Answer **any two** of the following. (3×2=6)
    - a) Containment
    - b) Social conflict and crime
    - c) .SC/ST Atrocities
    - d) Terrorism.
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**B.A.LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017  
PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 8** questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Question No.s 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

**(8×8=64)**

1. Is international law true law ? Discuss.
  2. Discuss the relation between international law and state law.
  3. Explain the international concept of jurisdiction.
  4. What is meant by extradition ?
  5. The international court of justice has played an important role in the development of international law. Discuss.
  6. Discuss the acquisition and loss of nationality.
  7. What are the peaceful methods of settlement of international disputes ?
  8. Write a note on state succession.
  9. Explain the law relating to state responsibility.
  10. Briefly outline the historical background to the development of international law.
  11. What are the subjects of international law ?
  12. Discuss the role of custom in international law.
  13. Write notes on **any 2** : **(3×2=6)**
    - a) Monroe Doctrine
    - b) Classification of Treaties
    - c) Pacta Sunt Servanda.
  14. Write notes on **any 2** : **(2.5×2=5)**
    - a) Hallestein Doctrine
    - b) Jus Cogens
    - c) The Asylum Case.
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**BALBA – 2217**

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017**  
**CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions** : 1) Answer **any eight** from Q. No. 1 to 12. (8×8=64)

2) Answer to Question No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**. (6+5=11)

1. "The public Prosecutor as a representative of the State and not of the Police, is expected to discharge his duties fairly and fearlessly". Explain the provisions relating to Public Prosecutor and Directorate of Prosecution under Criminal Procedure Code.
2. "Summons is a process to compel appearance of a person". Explain the procedure prescribed for serving the summons to accused and witnesses under Criminal Procedure Code.
3. Explain the concept of remand and describe the rules relating to remand under Sec. 167 of Criminal Procedure Code.
4. "The object of providing for maintenance under Sec. 125 Criminal Procedure Code is to prevent starvation and vagrancy in the society which may lead to commission of crime by those who are unable to maintain themselves". Explain the provisions relating to maintenance of Wife and Children under the Code.
5. Explain the Constitution and Powers of Criminal Courts under Criminal Procedure Code.
6. Describe the provisions relating to procedure for Removal of Public nuisance under Criminal Procedure Code.
7. Explain the provisions relating to Complaint to Magistrate and Commencement of proceedings before Magistrate under Criminal Procedure Code.
8. Describe the procedure of trial to be adopted by the Court of Sessions under Criminal Procedure Code.
9. "Plea bargaining is a method of Alternative Dispute Resolution system in Criminal Jurisprudence". Explain the provisions relating to Plea Bargaining under Criminal Procedure Code.

P.T.O.



10. Explain the provisions relating to period of limitation for taking cognizance of certain offences under Criminal Procedure Code.
11. "As a matter of general policy, bail should be granted as far as possible instead of being rejected". Explain under what circumstances granting of Bail is mandatory.
12. Explain the procedure prescribed for hearing of Appeal under Criminal Procedure Code.
13. Answer **any two** of the following : (2×3=6)
- a) Inquest
  - b) Inherent powers
  - c) Compoundable and Non compoundable offence.
14. Answer **any two** of the following : (2×2.5=5)
- Instruction – Refer appropriate statutory provisions and judicial decisions. Emphasis must be on reasoning.
- a) A is accused of a theft on one occasion and of causing grievous hurt on another occasion. Can A be tried jointly for theft and grievous hurt ?
  - b) A, B and C are charged by a Magistrate of the first class with and convicted by him of robbing D. Can A, B and C, may after words be charged with and tried of dacoity by Court of Session on the same facts ?
  - c) The wife was subjected to physical torture when she was pregnant at margao and she had to be taken to her parental home at Panaji. Due to beating (at Margao), Miscarriage took place palace at Panaji. Can the Court at Panaji had jurisdiction to try the offence ?



**BALBA – 2117**

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017**  
**CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight** questions from Q.No. 1 to 12.  
2) Question No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

1. Discuss the principle of Res Judicata under the provisions of the Civil Procedure Code.
2. What are foreign Judgments ? How can they be enforced by the Courts in India ?
3. Explain the provisions of the code dealing with appearance and non-appearance of the parties in a suit.
4. What is a Representative suit ? Is it different from an ordinary suit ? Justify your answer.
5. Examine the effect of Death, Marriage and Insolvency of parties on the suit which is being instituted in the Court.
6. Discuss pleadings. Can the pleadings be amended by the parties ? Give sufficient reasons for your answer.
7. Explain the provisions of the Code with respect to suits by or against Minors and persons of unsound mind.
8. Highlight the various grounds on which the power of reference could be exercised. Also discuss the fundamental difference between reference and Revision.
9. Explain 'arrest and detention of the Judgement debtor' as a mode of execution of a decree under the provisions of the Code.
10. Discuss the provisions relating to First Appeal. What is the fundamental difference between the First and the Second Appeal ?
11. Examine the procedure for appointment of commissioner and discuss the powers and duties of the commissioner.

P.T.O.



12. Explain

- a) Return of plaint
- b) Rejection of Plaint.

13. Write short notes on **any two** :

- a) Set off and Counter claim
- b) Sufficient cause
- c) Inherent powers of the court

14. Answer **any two** of the following :

- a) Irregular exercise of Jurisdiction
- b) Caveat
- c) Precept.