



LDA – 1724

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, April 2017**  
**ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions.  
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.  
3) Cite case law **wherever** necessary.

(10×10=100)

1. State and explain the various causes and effects of Air and Water Pollution.
2. State and explain the common law remedies for the protection of environment.
3. Discuss the significance of Section 133 of Criminal Procedure Code relating to environmental pollution.
4. Explain the protection of environment in Ancient India.
5. Explain how the Judiciary has interpreted Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy in protecting and improving the environment.
6. Explain the powers of the Central Pollution Control Board and State Pollution Control Board under the Water Act, 1974.
7. Explain the significance of Environment Protection Act, 1986, in preventing, controlling and abating environment pollution.
8. Explain the concept of Environment impact assessment and elucidate the procedure for environment clearance for new projects under the EIA Notification, 2006.
9. State the classification of CRZ under the CRZ Notification, 2011. Explain the activities permissible in CRZ areas.
10. What is Non-forest purpose ? Explain with case laws the restrictions on dereservation of forests or use of forest land under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980.
11. Explain the significance and salient features of Indian Forest Act, 1927.

P.T.O.



12. Explain the following with reference to Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 :
- a) Hunting of wild animals.
  - b) Trade or commerce in wild animals, animal articles and Trophies.
13. Explain the following :
- a) Stockholm Conference
  - b) Polluter Pays Principle.
14. Write a note on the following :
- a) Guidelines for Beach Resort under CRZ Notification
  - b) Ozone Depletion.



LDA – 1725

LL.B. Degree (Semester – IV) Examination, April 2017

**LAW OF EVIDENCE**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions from Q.1 to 14.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Facts even though they are not in issue but become relevant because they are so connected as to form part of the same transaction. Explain.
2. Anything said, done or written by one conspirator shall be binding on the other conspirators. Discuss.
3. Define the term Confession. Whether confession made to police officer or in police custody is relevant. Distinguish it from admission.
4. Explain statements made by persons who cannot be called as witness with special reference to when statements relate to cause of death with relevant case laws.
5. Opinions of third person not relevant in any given case except of those possessing special skills. Explain.
6. Oral evidence in all cases must be direct. Discuss the following :
  - a) exception to the rule
  - b) why hearsay evidence is excluded ?
7. Explain when Character evidence is relevant both in civil and criminal cases.
8. Discuss the provisions under the Indian Evidence act with respect to relevancy of Judgments.
9. Define the term Burden of proof and discuss on whom Burden of proof lies.
10. Who can be termed as competent witnesses under the Indian Evidence Act and Evidentiary value of an accomplice witness ?
11. Define the term estoppel and kinds of estoppel under the Indian Evidence Act.

P.T.O.



12. The court may presume the existence of any fact which it thinks likely to have happened having regard to common course, human conduct and public and private business. Explain.
13. Discuss the following :
  - a) order of examination
  - b) what questions are lawful in cross examination.
  - c) leading question
14. Explain the relevant provisions under the Indian Evidence Act in relation to Privileged communication.

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LDA – 1726

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, April 2017**  
**COMPANY LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** a) Answer **any ten** questions.  
b) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

**(10×10=100)**

1. Define a corporate veil. When can it be lifted or pierced ?
  2. Explain the doctrine of Indoor Management with exceptions if any.
  3. Examine the various remedies that are available to the aggrieved shareholders for misrepresentation in the prospectus.
  4. Discuss the salient features of a Government company.
  5. Briefly examine the circumstances which enable shareholders of a company to get relief against oppression.
  6. Discuss the duties of Directors.
  7. Distinguish between fixed charge and floating charge.
  8. Explain the rule laid down in Foss v Harbottle.
  9. What are 'Dividends' ? Discuss the rules relating to dividends.
  10. Explain the role of promoters with special reference to pre-incorporation contracts.
  11. What are the kinds of share capital ? Explain whether the share capital of the company could be reduced.
  12. Discuss the powers and duties of the official liquidator.
  13. Explain with reference to shares :
    - a) Lien on shares
    - b) Call on shares.
  14. Examine the scope of 'just and equitable clause' as a ground for winding up of the company.
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**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, April 2017**  
**BANKING LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 10** questions from Q. No.1 to Q. No.14.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

**(10×10=100)**

1. What is Banking ? Outline the agency and General Utility services in Banking.
  2. "Right of appropriation is an important right of banker" – Explain in relation to the rule in "Clayton's case".
  3. What precautions should a banker take while opening a new account in the name of the customer ?
  4. Write a brief note on parties to a negotiable instruments and their capacity and liability.
  5. Analyse the meaning of customer and Banker. Add a note on Minors, married woman and Lunatics as special type of customers.
  6. Explain the rights and privileges of holder in due course in relation to negotiable instruments.
  7. State and explain the salient features of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
  8. Discuss the statutory protection available to the collecting banker.
  9. Explain the functions of Reserve Bank of India.
  10. What is Endorsement ? Highlight on the various kinds of endorsements.
  11. Give a detailed account of what is meant by Merchant Banking.
  12. What are letters of credit ? Examine the basic features of commercial letters of credit.
  13. What is Nationalisation ? Give an account of nationalization in the Banking Sector.
  14. Examine the banker customer relationship with suitable cases.
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LDA – 1729

**LL.B. (Degree) Semester – IV Examination, April 2017**  
**Penology and Victimology**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** of the following.  
2) **Each** question carries **equal** marks.

1. Criminology is the most dynamic field of study elucidate. (10×10=100)
  2. Examine the genetic or biological theory of crime causation.
  3. Analyse ecological theory and its impact on crime pattern.
  4. Examine the concept recidivism in detail.
  5. Analyse Sutherland's Differential Association Theory in detail.
  6. Examine judicial trends in dealing with white collar crimes.
  7. State and explain meaning, nature and scope of organized crimes.
  8. Examine nature and objectives of Indian Police System and suggest reforms if any.
  9. Write note on caste community tensions and effect of narcotics and crime rate.
  10. Write note on code of conduct for the police as recommended by National Police Commission.
  11. Write note on situational crime and criminality of women.
  12. Write note on communal violence and suggest steps to control communal violence.
  13. Examine the nature and extent of crime and crime rate in India.
  14. Examine the various legal measures to control drug trafficking in India.
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LDA – 1730

**LL.B. (Degree) (Semester – IV) Examination, April 2017**  
**PATENTS RIGHTS – CREATION AND REGISTRATION**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any ten** questions.  
2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. What is patentable subject matter ? Define patent and explain with illustrations. 10
2. How is traditional knowledge protected under domestic as well as international regime ? 10
3. What is the procedure for obtaining a patent under the Patent Act, 1970 ? 10
4. What are the different authorities under the Patent Act, 1970 ? Explain their power. 10
5. What is a compulsory license ? 10
6. When is a patent said to have been infringed ? Discuss the remedies available to a patentee in case of infringement. 10
7. Explain the various rights available to a patentee under the Patent Act, 1970. 10
8. 'Software is not protected under Indian Patent Law'.  
Critically analyse the Statement. 10
9. Explain the concepts of bio-patents and how they are protected ? 10
10. Examine the terms 'Specification' and 'claim' with respect to the patent law in India. 10
11. Write short notes on the following : (2x5)
  - a) Term of Patent.
  - b) Therapeutic efficiency of a drug.
12. Examine the law relating to use of inventions for government purposes. 10

P.T.O.



13. Write short notes on the following. (2x5)

- a) Anticipation.
- b) Duties of a patentee.

14. Write short notes on the following (any two). (2x5)

- a) Revocation of patent
- b) Inventive step
- c) Non-patentable subject matter.